

# The Audit Plan for Warwick District Council

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

4 April 2017

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4 April 2017

Dear Members of the Finance and Audit Scrutiny Committee

#### Audit Plan for Warwick District Council for the year ending 31 March 2017

This Audit Plan sets out for the benefit of those charged with governance (in the case of Warwick District Council, the Finance and Audit Scrutiny Committee as a sub group of those charged with governance), an overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, as required by International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) 260. This document is to help you understand the consequences of our work, discuss issues of risk and the concept of materiality with us, and identify any areas where you may request us to undertake additional procedures. It also helps us gain a better understanding of the Council and your environment. The contents of the Plan have been discussed with management.

We are required to perform our audit in line with Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and in accordance with the Code of Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO) on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General in April 2015. Our responsibilities under the Code are to:

-give an opinion on the Council's financial statements

-satisfy ourselves the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

As auditors we are responsible for performing the audit, in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland), which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view.

The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change. In particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Council or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

We look forward to working with you during the course of the audit.

Yours sincerely

#### **Grant Patterson**

Engagement Lead

#### hartered Accountants

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### Understanding your business and key developments

#### **Developments**

#### Highways network asset (HNA)

On the 14 November, 2016 CIPFA/LASAAC announced a deferral of measuring the Highways Network Asset at Depreciated Replacement Cost in local authority financial statements for 2016/17. This deferral is due to delays in obtaining updated central rates for valuations.

CIPFA/LASAAC will review this position at its meeting in March 2017 with a view to implementation in 2017/18. It currently anticipates that the 2017/18 Code will be on the same basis as planned for 2016/17. For this to apply the authority needs to determine if it has transport infrastructure assets and if they are part of an interconnected network. CIPFA expects that this will mean only Highways authorities will be covered and that there will be limited impact on the accounts for district councils.

#### **Major Projects**

The Council is working on a number of major projects to ensure that the budget is sustainable in future years. As part of the VFM conclusion we will review how the projects are progressing and whether they are likely to achieve the contribution to the MTFP as planned.

#### Treasury management

The council currently has a healthy cash balance which it is looking at how best to invest to maximise the returns for the authority, while ensuring they are exposed to minimal risk.

#### Key challenges

#### **Autumn Statement**

The Chancellor detailed plans in the Autumn Statement to increase funding for Housing and Infrastructure, and further extend devolved powers to Local Authorities. No plans were announced to increase funding for adult social care.

### Medium Term financial plan

A savings target of £977k was identified for 2016/17, which the Council is making good progress against. While there are plans in the medium term to achieve a balanced budget, this will involved the delivery of a number of major projects for the Council. A critical year will be 2020/21 when a number of major contracts are due for renewal.

#### **Key performance indicators**

Measure	Value	Trend
Base Budget 2017/18	£12.8m	
Council tax increase	3.40%	-
Latest 2016/17 net expenditure budget	£12.0m	

#### Financial reporting changes

#### CIPFA Code of Practice 2016/17 (the Code)

Changes to the Code in 2016/17 reflect aims of the 'Telling the Story' project, to streamline the financial statements to be more in line with internal organisational reporting and improve accessibility to the reader of the financial statements.

The changes affect the presentation of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Movement in Reserves Statements, segmental reporting disclosures and a new Expenditure and Funding Analysis note has been introduced .The Code also requires these amendments to be reflected in the 2015/16 comparatives by way of a prior period adjustment.

#### Earlier closedown

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require councils to bring forward the approval and audit of financial statements to 31 July by the 2017/2018 financial year.

#### **Group boundary**

As part of the 2015/16 audit the council undertook an assessment to evaluate whether relevant entities over which the Council may potentially use its powers, should fall within group accounting boundaries. PSP Warwick LLP and Waterloo housing group were considered and no group account disclosure was required based on the assessment. The council should continue to assess these relationships, particularly with the further developments of PSP

#### **Our response**

- We aim to complete all our substantive audit work of your financial statements by July 2017
- As part of our opinion on your financial statements, we will consider whether your financial statements accurately reflect the financial reporting changes in the 2016/17 Code
- We will review the Council's progress in managing and delivering significant projects as part of our work in reaching our VFM conclusion..
- We will keep you informed of changes to the financial reporting requirements for 2016/17 through on-going discussions and invitations to our technical update workshops.

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### Materiality

In performing our audit, we apply the concept of materiality, following the requirements of International Standard on Auditing (UK & Ireland) (ISA) 320: Materiality in planning and performing an audit. The concept of materiality is fundamental to the preparation of the financial statements and the audit process and applies not only to the monetary misstatements but also to disclosure requirements and adherence to acceptable accounting practice and applicable law. An item does not necessarily have to be large to be considered to have a material effect on the financial statements. An item may be considered to be material by nature, for example, when greater precision is required (e.g. senior manager salaries and allowances).

We determine planning materiality (materiality for the financial statements as a whole determined at the planning stage of the audit) in order to estimate the tolerable level of misstatement in the financial statements, assist in establishing the scope of our audit engagement and audit tests, calculate sample sizes and assist in evaluating the effect of known and likely misstatements in the financial statements.

We have determined planning materiality based upon professional judgement in the context of our knowledge of the Council. In line with previous years, we have calculated financial statements materiality based on a proportion of the gross revenue expenditure of the Council. For purposes of planning the audit we have determined overall materiality to be £1,258k (being 2% of gross revenue expenditure). Our assessment of materiality is kept under review throughout the audit process and we will advise you if we revise this during the audit.

Under ISA 450, auditors also set an amount below which misstatements would be clearly trivial and would not need to be accumulated or reported to those charged with governance because we would not expect that the accumulation of such amounts would have a material effect on the financial statements. "Trivial" matters are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any criteria of size, nature or circumstances. We have defined the amount below which misstatements would be clearly trivial to be £62,900

ISA 320 also requires auditors to determine separate, lower, materiality levels where there are 'particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures for which misstatements of lesser amounts than materiality for the financial statements as a whole could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users'. We have identified the following items where separate materiality levels are appropriate:

Balance/transaction/disclosure	Explanation	Materiality level
Disclosures of officers' remuneration, salary bandings and exit packages in the notes to the financial statements	Due to public interest in these disclosures and the statutory requirement for them to be made.	£20,000
Related party transactions	Due to public interest in these disclosures and the statutory requirement for them to be made. In setting a materiality level these will be considered on a case by case basis as this will be determined not only on the basis of materiality for the council, but also for the third party	£20,000

Misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements; Judgments about materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances, and are affected by the size or nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both; and Judgments about matters that are material to users of the financial statements are based on a consideration of the common financial information needs of users as a group. The possible effect of misstatements on specific individual users, whose needs may vary widely, is not considered. (ISA (UK and Ireland) 320)

### Significant risks identified

An audit is focused on risks. Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK and Ireland) as risks that, in the judgment of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

Significant risk	Description	Audit procedures
The revenue cycle includes fraudulent transactions	Under ISA (UK and Ireland) 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue streams may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue.  This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating to revenue recognition.	Having considered the risk factors set out in ISA240 and the nature of the revenue streams at Warwick District Council, we have determined that the risk of fraud arising from revenue recognition can be rebutted, because:  there is little incentive to manipulate revenue recognition  opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited  the culture and ethical frameworks of local authorities, including Warwick District Council, mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable  Therefore we do not consider this to be a significant risk for Warwick District Council.
Management over- ride of controls	Under ISA (UK and Ireland) 240 there is a non-rebuttable presumed risk that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities.	Work completed to date:  Review of accounting estimates, judgments and decisions made by management  Review of journal entry process and control environment  Further work planned:  Further review of accounting estimates, judgments and decisions made by management  Selection of unusual journal entries for testing back to supporting documentation  Review of unusual significant transactions

"Significant risks often relate to significant non-routine transactions and judgmental matters. Non-routine transactions are transactions that are unusual, due to either size or nature, and that therefore occur infrequently. Judgmental matters may include the development of accounting estimates for which there is significant measurement uncertainty." (ISA (UK and Ireland) 315) . In making the review of unusual significant transactions "the auditor shall treat identified significant related party transactions outside the entity's normal course of business as giving rise to significant risks." (ISA (UK and Ireland) 550)

# Significant risks identified (continued)

Significant risk	Description	Audit procedures
Valuation of pension fund net liability	The Council's pension fund asset and liability as reflected in its balance sheet represent a significant estimate in the financial statements.	<ul> <li>Work planned:</li> <li>We will identify the controls put in place by management to ensure that the pension fund liability is not materially misstated. We will also assess whether these controls were implemented as expected and whether they are sufficient to mitigate the risk of material misstatement.</li> <li>We will review the competence, expertise and objectivity of the actuary who carried out your pension fund valuation. We will gain an understanding of the basis on which the valuation is carried out.</li> <li>We will undertake procedures to confirm the reasonableness of the actuarial assumptions made.</li> <li>We will review the consistency of the pension fund asset and liability and disclosures in notes to the financial statements with the actuarial report from your actuary.</li> </ul>
Changes to the presentation of local authority financial statements	CIPFA has been working on the 'Telling the Story' project, for which the aim was to streamline the financial statements and improve accessibility to the user and this has resulted in changes to the 2016/17 Code of Practice.  The changes affect the presentation of income and expenditure in the financial statements and associated disclosure notes. A prior period adjustment (PPA) to restate the 2015/16 comparative figures is also required.	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>We have documented and evaluated the process for the recording the required financial reporting changes to the 2016/17 financial statements.</li> <li>We have reviewed the re-classification of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement (CIES) comparatives to ensure that they are in line with the Authority's internal reporting structure.</li> <li>We have reviewed the appropriateness of the revised grouping of entries within the Movement In Reserves Statement (MIRS).</li> <li>Further work planned:</li> <li>We will test the classification of income and expenditure for 2016/17 recorded within the Cost of Services section of the CIES.</li> <li>We will test the completeness of income and expenditure by reviewing the reconciliation of the CIES to the general ledger.</li> <li>We will test the classification of income and expenditure reported within the new Expenditure and Funding Analysis (EFA) note to the financial statements.</li> <li>We will review the new segmental reporting disclosures within the 2016/17 financial statements to ensure compliance with the CIPFA Code of Practice.</li> </ul>

### Other risks identified

Reasonably possible risks (RPRs) are, in the auditor's judgment, other risk areas which the auditor has identified as an area where the likelihood of material misstatement cannot be reduced to remote, without the need for gaining an understanding of the associated control environment, along with the performance of an appropriate level of substantive work. The risk of misstatement for an RPR or other risk is lower than that for a significant risk, and they are not considered to be areas that are highly judgmental, or unusual in relation to the day to day activities of the business.

Reasonably possible risks	Description of risk	Audit procedures
Operating expenses	Year end creditors and accruals are understated or not recorded in the correct period.	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>We have conducted a walkthrough of the key controls for this system</li> <li>We have held discussions with appropriate personnel to obtain and document a detailed understanding of the accruals process</li> <li>Further work planned:</li> <li>We plan to test a sample of payments made after year end to ensure that liabilities have been recorded in the correct period</li> <li>We will test a sample of goods received but not yet invoiced to identify any items which have not been accrued for correctly</li> </ul>
Employee remuneration	Employee remuneration accruals are understated	<ul> <li>Work completed to date:</li> <li>We have conducted a walkthrough of the key controls for this system</li> <li>We have completed a trend analysis up to Month 9 of monthly payroll data</li> <li>We have tested a sample of employee remuneration payments up to month 9 to ensure they have been calculated and accounted for correctly</li> <li>Further work planned:</li> <li>We will perform a reconciliation to ensure that information from the payroll system can be agreed to the general ledger and financial statements</li> <li>We will complete the trend analysis to cover the whole of the financial year</li> <li>We will complete the sample testing to cover the whole of the financial year.</li> </ul>

"In respect of some risks, the auditor may judge that it is not possible or practicable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence only from substantive procedures. Such risks may relate to the inaccurate or incomplete recording of routine and significant classes of transactions or account balances, the characteristics of which often permit highly automated processing with little or no manual intervention. In such cases, the entity's controls over such risks are relevant to the audit and the auditor shall obtain an understanding of them." (ISA (UK and Ireland) 315)

### Other risks identified (continued)

#### **Going concern**

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK and Ireland) 570). We will review the management's assessment of the going concern assumption and the disclosures in the financial statements.

#### Other material balances and transactions

Under International Standards on Auditing, "irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, the auditor shall design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance and disclosure". All other material balances and transaction streams will therefore be audited. However, the procedures will not be as extensive as the procedures adopted for the risks identified in the previous sections but will include:

- · Heritage assets
- Property, plant and equipment
- Assets held for sale
- Investments (long term and short term)
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade and other receivables
- Borrowings and other liabilities (long and short term)
- Provisions
- Useable and unusable reserves
- Movement in Reserves Statement and associated notes
- · Statement of cash flows and associated notes
- Financing and investment income and expenditure

- Taxation and non-specific grants
- Officers' remuneration note
- Related party transactions note
- · Capital expenditure and capital financing note
- Financial instruments note
- Housing Revenue Account and associated notes
- Collection Fund and associated notes

### Value for Money

#### **Background**

The Code requires us to consider whether the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as the Value for Money (VfM) conclusion.

The National Audit Office (NAO) issued its guidance for auditors on value for money work for 2016/17 in November 2016. The guidance states that for local government bodies, auditors are required to give a conclusion on whether the Council has proper arrangements in place.

The guidance identifies one single criterion for auditors to evaluate:

In all significant respects, the audited body takes properly informed decisions and deploys resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.

This is supported by three sub-criteria as set out opposite:

Sub-criteria	Detail
Informed decision making	<ul> <li>Acting in the public interest, through demonstrating and applying the principles and values of sound governance</li> <li>Understanding and using appropriate cost and performance information (including, where relevant, information from regulatory/monitoring bodies) to support informed decision making and performance management</li> <li>Reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Managing risks effectively and maintaining a sound system of internal control</li> </ul>
Sustainable resource deployment	<ul> <li>Planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions</li> <li>Managing and utilising assets effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Planning, organising and developing the workforce effectively to deliver strategic priorities.</li> </ul>
Working with partners and other third parties	<ul> <li>Working with third parties effectively to deliver strategic priorities</li> <li>Commissioning services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities</li> <li>Procuring supplies and services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities.</li> </ul>

### Value for Money (continued)

#### Risk assessment

We have carried out an initial risk assessment based on the NAO's auditor's guidance note (AGN03). In our initial risk assessment, we considered:

- our cumulative knowledge of the Council, including work performed in previous years in respect of the VfM conclusion and the opinion on the financial statements.
- the findings of other inspectorates and review agencies.
- any illustrative significant risks identified and communicated by the NAO in its Supporting Information.
- any other evidence which we consider necessary to conclude on your arrangements.

We have identified significant risks which we are required to communicate to you. These are set out overleaf.

#### Reporting

The results of our VfM audit work and the key messages arising will be reported in our Audit Findings Report and in the Annual Audit Letter.

We will include our conclusion in our auditor's report on your financial statements which we will give by 31 July 2017.

## Value for money (continued)

We set out below the significant risks we have identified as a result of our initial risk assessment and the work we propose to address these risks.

Significant risk	Link to sub-criteria	Work proposed to address
Medium Term Financial Plan The Council identified savings of £977k as part of the Fit for the Future plan in June 2016. The most recent review of corporate budgets produced in November 2016 identified that actual savings were forecast at £1.065m for the year end. In future years the levels of savings are not as significant until the Council reaches 2020/21. This is the year a number of the major contracts are due for renewal, and it is anticipated that this, along with other pressures, will present a significant challenge in terms of balancing the budget.	This links to the Council's arrangements for ensuring it plans finances effectively to support its strategic functions, and its arrangements for ensuring informed decision making.	We will review the Council's arrangements for identifying and agreeing savings plans, and communicating key findings to the Council and key decision making committees.
Significant capital projects and service transformation projects The Council's MTFP is predicated on the investment programme delivering changes to the way in which services are delivered. The programme includes a number of key projects and investments, in particular the leisure centre development programme and the relocation of riverside house, which are significant both in scale and financial terms.	This links to the Council's arrangements for planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and using appropriate cost and performance information to support informed decision making.	We will review the project management and risk assurance frameworks established by the Council in respect of the more significant projects, to establish how the Council is identifying, managing and monitoring these risks.

### Other audit responsibilities

In addition to our responsibilities under the Code of Practice in relation to your financial statements and arrangements for economy, efficiency and effectiveness we have a number of other audit responsibilities, as follows:

- We will undertake work to satisfy ourselves that the disclosures made in your Annual Governance Statement are in line with CIPFA/SOLACE guidance and consistent with our knowledge of the Council.
- We will read your Narrative Statement and check that it is consistent with the financial statements on which we give an opinion and that the disclosures included in it are in line with the requirements of the CIPFA Code of Practice.
- We will carry out work on your consolidation schedules for the Whole of Government Accounts process in accordance with NAO instructions to auditors.
- We consider our other duties under the Act and the Code, as and when required, including:
  - We will give electors the opportunity to raise questions about your financial statements and consider and decide upon any objections received in relation to the financial statements;
  - issue of a report in the public interest; and
  - making a written recommendation to the Council, copied to the Secretary of State
- We certify completion of our audit.

### Results of interim audit work

The findings of our interim audit work, and the impact of our findings on the accounts audit approach, are summarised in the table below:

	Work performed	Conclusion
Internal audit	We have completed a high level review of internal audit's overall arrangements. Our work has not identified any issues which we wish to bring to your attention.  We have also reviewed internal audit's work on the Council's key financial systems to date. We have not identified any significant weaknesses impacting on our responsibilities.	Overall, we have concluded that the internal audit service provides an independent and satisfactory service to the Council and that internal audit work contributes to an effective internal control environment.  Our review of internal audit work has not identified any weaknesses which impact on our audit approach.
Entity level controls	We have obtained an understanding of the overall control environment relevant to the preparation of the financial statements including:  Communication and enforcement of integrity and ethical values  Commitment to competence  Participation by those charged with governance  Management's philosophy and operating style  Organisational structure  Assignment of authority and responsibility  Human resource policies and practices	Our work has identified no material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial statements

# Results of interim audit work (continued)

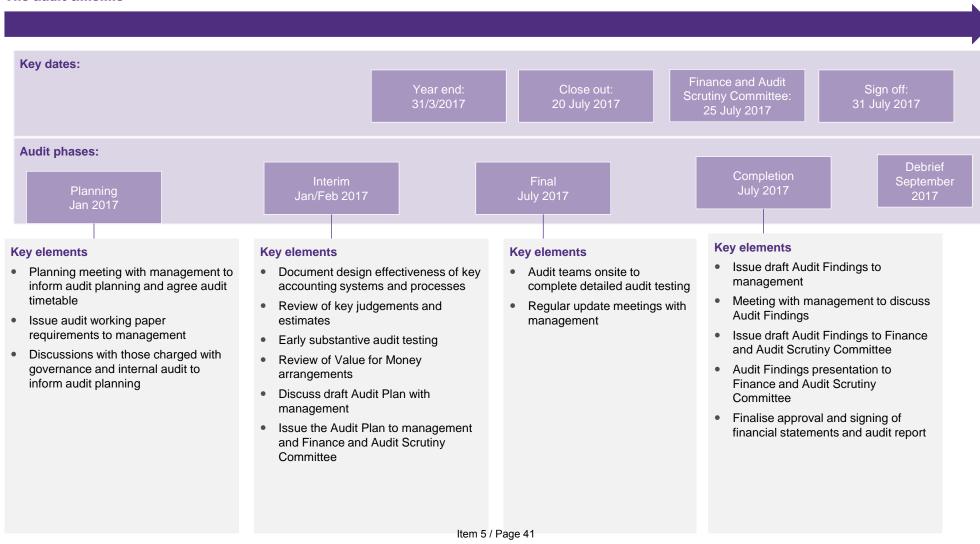
	Work performed	Conclusion
Walkthrough testing	We have completed walkthrough tests of the Council's controls operating in areas where we consider that there is a risk of material misstatement to the financial statements. These were employee remuneration and operating expenditure	Our work has not identified any weaknesses which impact on our audit approach.
	Our work has not identified any issues which we wish to bring to your attention. Internal controls have been implemented by the Council in accordance with our documented understanding.	
Journal entry controls	We have reviewed the Council's journal entry policies and procedures as part of determining our journal entry testing strategy and have not identified any material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's control environment or financial statements.	Our work has not identified any weaknesses that impact on our audit approach.  Detailed testing of journals deemed to be large or unusual will be carried out as part of the final accounts visit
	As part of the AFR last year we recommended that the reporting mechanism available for journals should be reviewed to make it easier to extract a complete journal listing. Discussion with officers during interim has highlighted that a new report will be available as part of the closedown process which will give greater assurance over the completeness of the journal population.	
Early substantive testing	In line with the early close agenda we have worked with the finance team to identify key areas of the accounts where testing could be undertake before the year end. The work completed is listed below:	Our audit work has not identified any errors in the transactions tested.
	<ul> <li>Detailed grants testing up to month 9 for material grants</li> <li>Testing of fees and charges income up to month 9</li> </ul>	The final accounts visit will focus on how these interim transactions are presented in the financial statements, and ensuring that further testing is undertaken to gain assurance
	- Testing of capital additions and disposals up to month 9	over the full financial year
	Testing of a sample of employee remuneration payments up to month 9	
	- Payroll trend analysis up to month 9	
© ZOTT ORANE THOMION ON ELE THE PAUGICTION WARM	Housing benefits payments testing up to month 9	

# Results of interim audit work (continued)

	Work performed	Conclusion
Earlier close and de- cluttering the accounts	As part of last years audit findings report we recommended that officers should critically review the published financial statements and ensure that only significant items are included. This review should then form the basis of an action plan that will help the council achieve a faster more streamlined approach to the production of the accounts, in preparation for the deadlines coming forward.	We will continue to work with officers to help them meet the early close agenda. As part of the interim audit we have reviewed a skeleton set of accounts, however they remain over 100 pages long and there is little evidence that the document itself has been critically reviewed.
	We also recommended that finance staff should ensure that greater emphasis is placed on the processes to help ensure a faster close to the accounts, particularly the use of estimates and the engagement with staff outside of the finance department.	While there is a project plan in place for the closure of the accounts, this remains similar to previous years, just requiring the tasks to be completed earlier therefore allowing the accounts and associated working papers to be produced to the earlier timescale.
	We held a detailed debriefing session with the accountancy team and signposted key areas where improvements could be made in the process. In addition we recommended that greater use could be made of tables and diagrams rather than detailed narrative which would have a greater impact and reduce the overall volume of the accounts	Officers and members need to be confident that they have the sufficient processes and resources in place to achieve the agreed timescale, thus enabling the audit opinion to be signed by the end of July 2017, 2 months earlier than prior years.
Working papers to support the financial statements	As part of last years audit findings report we recommended that the finance staff should consider how to structure the working papers to support the financial statements, so that they are easy to locate and understand by finance staff who have not been involved in the accounts production process.	We will continue to work with members of the finance team to streamline and improve the working papers that support the financial statements.
	We have met with officers and discussed ways that working papers could be improved. We have issued a revised working papers checklist which clearly sets out the information that we will need to complete the audit.	We will report to members the progress made in this area as part of the audit findings report

### The audit cycle

#### The audit timeline



### Audit Fees

#### **Fees**

	2016/17 £	2015/16 £
Council audit	53,623	53,623
Grant Certification	6,398	9,540
Total audit fees (excluding VAT)	60,021	63,163

#### Our fee assumptions include:

- Supporting schedules to all figures in the accounts are supplied by the agreed dates and in accordance with the agreed upon information request list
- The scope of the audit, and the Council and its activities, have not changed significantly
- The Council will make available management and accounting staff to help us locate information and to provide explanations
- The accounts presented for audit are materially accurate, supporting working papers and evidence agree to the accounts, and all audit queries are resolved promptly.

#### **Grant certification**

- Our fees for grant certification cover only housing benefit subsidy certification, which falls under the remit of Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited
- Fees in respect of other grant work, such as reasonable assurance reports, are shown under 'Fees for other services'.

#### **Fees for other services**

Fees for other services detailed on the following page, reflect those agreed at the time of issuing our Audit Plan. Any changes will be reported in our Audit Findings Report and Annual Audit Letter.

#### What is included within our fees

- A reliable and risk-focused audit appropriate for your business
- Invitations to events hosted by Grant Thornton in your sector, as well as the wider finance community
- Ad-hoc telephone calls and queries
- Technical briefings and updates
- Regular contact to discuss strategy and other important areas
- A review of accounting policies for appropriateness and consistency
- Annual technical updates for members of your finance team

### Independence and non-audit services

Ethical Standards and ISA (UK and Ireland) 260 require us to give you timely disclosure of matters relating to our independence. We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention. We have complied with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards and we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards.

For the purposes of our audit we have made enquiries of all Grant Thornton UK LLP teams providing services to Client Name. The following audit related and non-audit services were identified for the Council for 2016/17 to date:

#### **Fees for other services**

Service	Fees £	Planned outputs
Audit related		
None	None	
Non-audit related		
None	None	

The amounts detailed are fees agreed to-date for audit related and non-audit services (to be) undertaken by Grant Thornton UK LLP (and Grant Thornton International Limited network member Firms) in the current financial year. Full details of all fees charged for audit and non-audit services by Grant Thornton UK LLP and by Grant Thornton International Limited network member Firms will be included in our Audit Findings report at the conclusion of the audit.

The above services are consistent with the Council's policy on the allotment of non-audit work to your auditors.

### Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance

International Standard on Auditing (UK and Ireland) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs (UK and Ireland) prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table opposite.

This document, The Audit Plan, outlines our audit strategy and plan to deliver the audit, while The Audit Findings will be issued prior to approval of the financial statements and will present key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

We will communicate any adverse or unexpected findings affecting the audit on a timely basis, either informally or via a report to the Council.

#### **Respective responsibilities**

As auditor we are responsible for performing the audit in accordance with ISAs (UK and Ireland), which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance.

This plan has been prepared in the context of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited (http://www.psaa.co.uk/appointing-auditors/terms-of-appointment/)

We have been appointed as the Council's independent external auditors by the Audit Commission, the body responsible for appointing external auditors to local public bodies in England at the time of our appointment. As external auditors, we have a broad remit covering finance and governance matters.

Our annual work programme is set in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice ('the Code') issued by the NAO and includes nationally prescribed and locally determined work (https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/about-code/). Our work considers the Council's key risks when reaching our conclusions under the Code.

The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.

It is the responsibility of the Council to ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the conduct of its business, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for. We have considered how the Council is fulfilling these responsibilities.

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	<b>✓</b>	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit. Form, timing and expected general content of communications	✓	
Views about the qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting and financial reporting practices, significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought		✓
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	✓	✓
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence.	✓	✓
Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged.		
Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence		
Material weaknesses in internal control identified during the audit		✓
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or others which results in material misstatement of the financial statements		✓
Non compliance with laws and regulations		✓
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter		✓
Uncorrected misstatements		✓
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties		✓
Significant matters in relation to going concern	✓	✓



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