Licensing & Regulatory Committee

Minutes of the meeting held on Tuesday 17 June 2014, at the Town Hall, Royal Leamington Spa at 2.30 pm.

Present: Councillors Mrs Bunker, De-Lara-Bond, Doody, Gill, Mrs Goode, Guest, Mrs Higgins, Illingworth, Mrs Knight, MacKay, Pratt, Wilkinson and Wreford-Bush.

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Mrs Gallagher and Mrs Mellor, and from Mrs Bunker who would be late to arrive.

1. Substitutes

There were no substitutes.

2. **Appointment of Chair**

The Committee

Resolved that Councillor Illingworth be appointed Chair for the ensuing municipal year.

3. **Declarations of Interest**

The Chair suggested that the Committee as a whole should declare an interest in the Community Governance Review. However, the Committee was advised that on this occasion it was only looking at the principles for considering boundary changes and not the changes themselves, and therefore there was no need to make a declaration.

4. Minutes

The minutes of the meetings of the Regulatory Committee held on 14 October 2013, 12 November 2013, 28 January 2014 and 3 April 2014 were taken as read and signed by the Chairman as a correct record.

The minutes of the 14 October 2013 were singled out as having been particularly good and the Chair requested that the officer in question be thanked.

5. Procedures for the new Licensing & Regulatory Committee

The Committee received a report from the Regulatory Manager which, following the merger of the Licensing and Regulatory Committees into this new Committee, set out the operational arrangements of the Committee which needed to be agreed. The report provided recommendations as to proposed operational arrangements.

Members discussed whether it should be necessary for the Committee as a whole to meet in order to address, for example, licence applications and appeals relating to taxi drivers, or whether this could be delegated to panels or subcommittees. In so doing, Members questioned the use of the word "committee" under point 6.8 of the report. Officers clarified that the wording was technically correct but that the Committee had the right to delegate to a panel.

Notwithstanding, Members felt that the wording should be changed to make it more clear to applicants that they might be heard by a panel of the Committee.

The Regulatory Manager advised the Committee of her intention to amend the Scheme of Delegation in order that it should reflect current legislation. While the Scheme of Delegation currently read that an applicant had "a right of appeal", the legislation actually stated that an applicant had "a right to be heard".

Responding to questions over the lack of detail in paragraph 6.7, officers clarified that if the Committee chose to appoint sub-committees, then if the appointed Members were not available to attend a particular meeting, substitutes would be sought in much the same way as they had been to date for licensing panels. However, the benefit of scheduling meetings in the longer term by forming permanent panels was that it was easier to plan ahead and theoretically each Member should only have to attend a meeting every 10 weeks. The Chair added that it had proven difficult on many occasions for officers to find volunteers for meetings and the formation of permanent panels should alleviate this.

The Chair suggested that while the new arrangements might not be full-proof, they should be trialled for a year in order to see how they worked in practice. The arrangements were not set in stone and a flexible approach to their implementation would be taken where necessary.

Officers pointed out that, as a parent committee, this Committee could require its panels to bring back issues of concern to a meeting of the full Committee and that the Scheme of Delegation could be amended to reflect this. The solicitor in attendance agreed that this was a good idea.

In response to a question regarding the timescale for implementation, officers suggested that, if the Committee decided to agree the recommendations, officers would draw up a list of permanent panels to be presented to the next meeting of the Committee for approval. In the meantime, as an interim arrangement, officers would continue to seek volunteers for any panel meeting which needed to take place before the next meeting of the Committee.

Resolved that

- (1) as far as is reasonable, practicable and acceptable under the governing legislation that matters are heard by sub-committees called Panels as described in Appendix 1;
- (2) Sexual Entertainment Venues license determinations when objections have been received and Premises License Reviews are heard by the full Committee as described in Appendix 1;
- (3) the 5 sub-committee panels, of three Members, are formed from the main Committee that operate on a 10 week rota;
- (4) the memberships of the sub-committee panels be confirmed at the next meeting of the Committee and that until then the membership be appointed by The

- Democratic Services Manager in consultation with the Chairman;
- (5) public speaking arrangements follow the guidelines set out in Appendix 2;
- (6) the Committee attend training events to ensure knowledge of the subject area, the matters which must be given consideration, consistency of decision making and confidence of the general public in the decisions made by the Committee; and
- (7) the Chairman of the new Committee meets with officers to define appropriate levels of redactions of personal data in reports.

(Councillor Mrs Bunker joined the meeting during the course of this item.)

6. Warwick District Community Governance Review 2013/2014

The Committee received a report from the Chief Executive's office which updated Members on the current Community Governance Review and brought forward proposals for completion of this work.

The Electoral Services Manager reported that the review, looking at parish boundaries within the District, had been running for nearly 12 months. There had been two public consultations, which had included approaching Parish Councils for their views. Final recommendations were being drawn up which would be presented to the Boundary Commission.

Members noted that 20 draft recommendations had been drawn up by the end of April. There had since been some changes to these recommendations which the Electoral Services Manager proposed to break down into areas and present at four informal meetings to which this Committee and interested parties would be invited to attend. The meetings would take place in the meeting room at the back of The Space in Riverside House.

The Committee was reminded that polling districts had to be redrawn before the election in 2015. Therefore it was suggested that the fourth informal meeting would also be used to consult Members on draft proposals, which would then feed into a formal report which officers would submit to the Committee in September 2014.

A couple of Members pointed out that Guy's Cliffe had not been included in the proposals. Members were reminded that this was because the Regulatory Committee at its meeting on 28 January 2014 had resolved that the properties in Guy's Cliffe should remain in Leek Wootton and not move into the Emscote ward of Warwick Town Council.

Resolved that

(1) informal meeting dates to consider the submissions received during the second public consultation, to enable a set of final recommendations to be drawn up, be agreed as follows: Tuesday 8 July 2pm Wednesday 9 July 2pm Tuesday 15 July 2pm Wednesday 16 July 2pm

- (2) the areas for discussion at each meeting will be Group 1 (8 July), Group 2 (9 July), Group 3 (15 July) and Group 4 and polling districts (16 July) and that the Parish or Town Councils concerned and/or any other interested bodies should be invited to these meetings; and
- (3) the final report for the Community Governance Review should be at a special meeting of the Committee in September 2014.

7. Revised Licensing Policy

The Committee received a report from Health and Community Protection which presented the new licensing policy.

The report set out the existing licensing policy at appendix 1, the proposed new policy at appendix 2 and the differences at paragraph 3.5.

Members asked how, in practice, the Council could object in the capacity of a responsible authority whilst also being the licensing authority presenting the report. Officers responded that Health and Community Protection would take on the role of responsible authority who could object to an application, while the completely separate licensing team would continue to produce reports.

Officers confirmed that while they had expected to receive the model conditions referenced in the report, these had yet to appear and so they would not be included in the policy at this time. Members also noted that there were no changes to the cumulative impact zone but that consideration might be given to extending it in the future.

Officers responded to a question about ID scanners and also the difference between street marshals and street pastors, and what controls were in place to manage and monitor them.

Resolved that the Council approves the new Licensing Policy, as set out at Appendix 1 to the minutes, for use during the next five years.

(Warwick District Council considered and approved the Statement of Licensing Policy at its meeting on 25 June 2014, subject to the following addition of 12.3 which will read as follows "However this Council, in March 2014, has requested officers to review the situation subsequent to Central Government's current consultation on licensing matters and to bring forward an updated report at the earliest possible time on the implications of introducing a late night levy in Warwick District.")

8. **Public and Press**

Resolved that under Section 100A of the Local Government Act 1972 that the Public and Press be excluded from the meeting for the following item by reason of the likely disclosure of exempt information within the paragraphs of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972, following the Local Government (Access to Information) (Variation) Order 2006, as set out below:

Minute No.	Para Nos.	Reason
9	1	Information relating to any individual
9	2	Information which is likely to reveal the identity of an individual

9. **Minutes**

The confidential minutes of the meeting of the Regulatory Committee held on 3 April 2014 were taken as read and signed by the Chairman as a correct record.

(The meeting ended at 3.42 pm)



STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

Reviewed May 2014

Table of Contents

Front Cover1
Table of Contents2
Summary and Purpose3
Licensing Policy & South Warwickshire Community Safety Partnership4
Delegation of Functions for Regulatory Matters4
Further Strategies5
The Four Licensing Objectives5
Other Considerations8
Other Regulatory Regimes9
Standard Conditions10
Special Policy regarding Cumulative Impact10
Responsible Authorities
Early Morning Restriction Orders and Late Night Levy 12
Restricted Drinking Zone 12
Further Information12
Appendix 2 – Map of Cumulative Impact Zone 14
Appendix 3 – Responsible Authorities

1. Summary and purpose

- 1.1 Warwick District Council (the Licensing Authority) makes this Statement of Licensing Policy in pursuance of its duties and powers under the Licensing Act 2003, (the Act) and the guidance issued under Section 182 of the Act.
- 1.2 Warwick District Council (WDC) is situated in the south of Warwickshire in the centre of England. Appropriately for England's heartland, Warwick District Council's boundaries are roughly heart-shaped, embracing an area of some 28,253 hectares with a population exceeding 138,000 people. The District covers four towns, Royal Leamington Spa, Warwick, Kenilworth and Whitnash as well as a large rural area with 18 Parish Councils. It is acknowledged that the town centres have a large proportion of residential premises.
- 1.3 The policy will relate to current legislation, and, where possible, to local factors, allowing flexibility and the potential to expand and augment the local economy and promote cultural issues.
- 1.4 The aim of this Policy is to demonstrate how WDC, will promote the four licensing objectives. These objectives are:
 - prevention of crime and disorder;
 - · public safety;
 - prevention of public nuisance; and
 - protection of children from harm.

WDC recognises that the promotion of the Licensing Objectives relies heavily on a partnership between license holders, authorised persons, responsible authorities and other persons in pursuit of common aims.

- 1.5 In making this Policy, the Licensing Authority recognises the following:-
 - that residents within, and visitors to the District, need a safe and healthy environment to live, work and visit; and
 - that safe and well run entertainment premises are important to the local economy and vibrancy of the District.
- 1.6 This Statement provides guidance to Responsible Authorities, applicants for and holders of premises licences, objectors and residents on the general approach that the Licensing Authority will implement through its Licensing Committee
- 1.7 When making its decisions on licensing applications, the Licensing Authority will have regard to the matters contained in this Statement, the Act, the guidance issued under section 182 of the Act, the provisions of the Human Rights Act 1998 and in particular, Article 6 (right to a fair and public hearing); Article 8 (right to respect for home, private and family life) and Article 1 of the First Protocol (right to peaceful enjoyment of property and possessions), and the Race Relations Act 1976 and the Race Relations (Amendment) Act 2000.
- 1.8 This Statement covers the period up to 30th August 2018 and will be kept under review and revised as required, following consultation where necessary.

2. Licensing Policy & South Warwickshire Community Safety Partnership

- 2.1 The 1998 Crime and Disorder Act and subsequent amendments require the Police and local authorities to work together and with others to reduce crime and disorder. To this end, Crime & Disorder Reduction Partnerships were formed and are now called Community Safety Partnerships.
- 2.2 South Warwickshire Community Safety Partnership (SWCSP) was formed in September 2008 when the district crime and disorder partnerships for Stratford & Warwick districts merged following years of close collaboration. The vision statement for SWCSP is `that the districts should be an attractive, environmentally sustainable, desirable area to live in, work and visit, with a sense of safety which reflects the low risk of becoming a victim of crime in the area'.
- 2.3 Tackling violent crime has remained a priority in Warwick District since 1998 with Leamington Town Centre as the main focus of partnership activity. Tackling violent crime and specifically street violent crime is one of three SWCSP priorities. A 60 point partnership action plan is in place to reduce violent crime and rowdy behaviour in our town centres.
- 2.4 The policy of working with licensees in South Warwickshire has delivered national best performance and practice.
- 2.5 The age group most likely to be victims and perpetrators of violent crime is 18-30. A key initiative to engage with this group is Operation `Your Town, Your Choice' which takes place on pay-day weekends in hot-spots at the busiest times of 9pm to 4am. An early intervention approach is used utilising direct to leave dispersal authorities together with designated public places powers and has a real impact on reducing violence and rowdy behaviour.
- 2.6 This best example of partnership working across all agencies in South Warwickshire illustrates the commitment to tackling on-street violent crime. In addition enhanced policing, Street Marshals, Street Pastors and CCTV control rooms support this approach.
- 2.7 Joint Licensing Enforcement visits are a key feature of these evenings ensuring that licensees are taking their responsibilities seriously. Engagement with 18 to 30 year olds is carried out on roads closed to traffic. Health related activities are offered in exchange for completing questionnaires on particular themes, for example, pre-loading. Results from these activities and questionnaires inform how and when the hot-spots are staffed and how young people can be assisted in having an enjoyable and safe night. A unique partnership pilot with St John Ambulance Service has provided a care and repair service on busy nights in Leamington called `The Cabin' and staffed by up to 10 volunteers.
- 2.8 A further developing part of this approach is the Street Pastor Scheme introduced in 2013. The scheme provides a vital service, and integrates well into the overall multi-agency approach adopted. Further information about Street Pastors may be obtained on their website at www.leamingtonspa.streetpastors.org.uk

3 Delegation of Functions for Regulatory Matters

- 3.1 The Council has established a Licensing Committee with delegated powers to deal with licensing matters
- 3.2 The Licensing Committee has delegated the decision making to Licensing Panels when a hearing is required. These Panels are sub-committees consisting of three members of the full Committee. All other matters that do not require hearings have, upon Home Office advice, been delegated to officers.

4 Further Strategies

- 4.1 WDC has adopted the following strategies that it feels will help it to achieve its desired goals:
 - It will work together with all partners as well as local businesses and residents to try to achieve an acceptable level of harmonisation between the two, accepting that this may not always be possible.
 - It accepts that an active and successful Crime and Disorder Partnership is one of the key factors in achieving its desired goals.
 - It recognises the importance of working with other agencies and holds and organises a Multi- Agency Licensing Group on a regular basis to discuss any problems that may arise within its district.
 - The value of action plans as a method of obtaining compliance from premises is recognised and used whenever they become necessary.
 - An <u>Enforcement Policy</u> which incorporates the <u>Regulator's Compliance Code</u> has been adopted. Both of these may be found on WDC's website,
 - In recognising the need to minimise late night noise nuisance, WDC would expect that after 23.00 all persons outside the premises would move indoors, and that any sound, amplified or unamplified, from within the premises should not disturb residents in neighbouring domestic properties. However, any conditions added to the premises licence to achieve this aim will be proportionate, enforceable and relevant to that particular premise.
 - WDC has adopted a special policy addressing the cumulative impact of the number of licensed premises in Leamington Spa Town Centre. Full information on this policy may be found at paragraph 10 below.

5. The four Licensing Objectives

5.1 Prevention of Crime and Disorder

- 5.1.1 In addition to the requirement for the Licensing Authority to promote the licensing objectives, it also has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to exercise its functions with due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions, and to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in the District.
- 5.1.2 The Licensing Authority will expect all licensed premises to be managed responsibly.

- 5.1.3 When considering applications for premises licences for late night refreshment the Licensing Authority will take into account the potential for high levels of disorder that this type of premises may cause to the night time environment.
- 5.1.4 The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to licences and certificates to prevent crime and disorder. Any such conditions imposed will be tailored to the style and characteristics of the premises and the type of activities expected to take place. Any conditions added will precise and enforceable and will be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve.
- 5.1.5 The Licensing Authority recognises that there are a number of mechanisms for addressing unlawful or anti-social behaviour that occurs away from licensed premises, qualifying clubs and temporary events. These include:-
 - planning controls;
 - enforcement of Environmental Protection legislation (e.g. on noise nuisance);
 - positive measures to provide a safer and clean town centre;
 - environmental controls, in partnership with local businesses, transport operators and other departments of the Council;
 - powers to designate parts of the District as restricted alcohol areas
 - police enforcement of the law with regard to disorder and anti-social behaviour, including the issue of fixed penalty notices;
 - dispersal of people quickly and safely from town centres to avoid concentrations which may produce disorder and disturbance;
 - the prosecution of any personal licence holder or member of staff at such premises who is selling alcohol to people who are drunk;
 - confiscation of alcohol from adults and others in designated areas;
 - all current police and local authority powers of closure in force at the time
 - the power of police, other responsible authorities or a local resident or business to seek a review of the licence or certificate in question.

5.2 Public safety

5.2.1 The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to licences and certificates to promote public safety. Any such conditions will be tailored to the style and characteristics of the premises and the type of activities expected to take place there and will be precise and enforceable and will be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve.

5.3 Prevention of public nuisance

- 5.3.1 The Licensing Authority will take an objective view as to the potential for nuisance and will seek to attach appropriate and proportionate conditions to licences and certificates where necessary in order to prevent it. The conditions added will be precise and enforceable and will be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve. Any such conditions imposed will be tailored to the style and characteristics of the premises and the type of activities expected to take place there. In each individual case that arises following representation, the Licensing Authority will:
 - consider the potential for nuisance associated with the style, characteristics and activities of the licensable activity involved;
 - examine the potential steps which could be taken to reduce the risk of nuisance, particularly in areas of dense residential accommodation; and

- consider restricting the hours of the licence or the licensable activity only as a last resort because of the potential impact on disorder and anti-social behaviour from fixed and artificially early closing times.
- 5.3.2 By way of guidance, the Licensing Authority would expect that after 23.00 all patrons of a licensed premises will move indoors, and any amplified sound to be inaudible in neighbouring domestic properties.
- 5.3.3 Any exceptions to this would need to be justified in an operating schedule showing how the licensing objectives were still being achieved.
- 5.3.4 The Licensing Authority expects that premises should usually be closed within half an hour of the end of the last licensable activity.
- 5.3.5 The Live Music Act 2012 removed live music from the scope of the Licensing Authority, subject to the satisfaction of certain criteria, so it is recognised that its controls in this respect have been reduced. However, conditions may be added or reinstated at a review hearing which will bring live music for that particular premises into the licensing regime. This means that it would be within the licensing Authority's powers, at a review hearing, to place a condition on the premises licence prohibiting the playing of live music at any time. This may arise, for example, if the premises is not suitable for the live music being played; or if frequent disturbance is being caused by the music.

5.4 Prevention of Harm to Children

- 5.4.1 Nothing in this statement of policy limits the access of children to licensed premises unless it is necessary for the prevention of harm to children. However, this authority does not consider that children should be encouraged to mix in areas that are frequented by the adult drinking public, such as busy town centres. For this reason, birthday parties, etc., for the 18 and under demographic will be actively discouraged in these area.
- 5.4.2 Areas that may give rise to particular concern in respect of children include premises:
 - With a known association with drug taking or dealing;
 - Where there is a strong element of gambling on the premises;
 - Where entertainment of an adult or sexual nature may be provided (e.g. topless bar staff, striptease, lap/table/pole dancing, strong and offensive language).
- 5.4.3 It is acknowledged that complete exclusion of children will be rare but the options to be considered by the Council for limiting access of children, where regarded as necessary for the prevention of harm to children, may include any of the following:
 - Limitations on the hours when children may be present;
 - Age limitations (below 18);
 - Limitations or exclusions when certain activities are taking place;
 - Restrictions or exclusions in respect of parts of premises;

- Requirements for an accompanying adult;
- Full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.
- 5.4.4 The Licensing Authority cannot impose conditions requiring the admission of children to any premises. Where no licensing restriction is necessary, this will remain a matter for the discretion of the individual licensee or club.
- 5.4.5 In the case of premises giving film exhibitions, the Licensing Authority expects licensees or clubs to include in their operating schedules arrangements to ensure that children will be restricted from viewing age-restricted films classified according to the recommendations of the British Board of Film Classifications.
- 5.4.6 Where a number of children are expected to attend regulated entertainment (e.g. theatre production, 'junior disco', film shows), the Licensing Authority may consider the need to require a specified number of adults to be present at the place of entertainment to control the access and egress of children and to assure their safety. The number of adults required will need to be calculated on the basis of a risk assessment by the applicant and will need to take into consideration the size of the venue, the number and ages and ability of the children present and the type of activity involved. These matters will need to be addressed by the applicant as part of the operating schedule.
- 5.4.7 The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to licences and certificates to prevent harm to children. Such conditions will be appropriate to the premises and will be precise and enforceable and will be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve.
- 5.4.8 The Licensing Authority expects all premises to comply with statutory conditions requiring that a policy must be adopted, laying out how they will address underage drinking. This must be shown in the operating schedule of any premises licence application or variation.

NOTE: In the event of any variation submitted to remove any conditions where a hearing is necessary, evidence would be expected to be submitted to the Licensing Panel by the applicant that the change would not impact on the licensing objectives

5.5 Health

- 5.5.1 The Licensing Authority recognises the role of Public Health England acting in its role as a Responsible Authority. Public Health England can make representations in response to either a full licence application or an application for a variation in the conditions of an existing licence. They can also call for the review of a licence if they feel it breaches a licensing objective. Any representation must relate specifically to the premises in question and cannot be a general objection.
- 5.5.1 Representations made by Public Health England must be evidence-based and must demonstrably refer to one or more of the licensing objectives. As there is currently no licensing objective directly relating to public health, Public Health England must ensure their representations are relevant to one of the four existing objectives.

5.6 The Licensing Authority as a Responsible Authority

- 5.6.1 The Licensing Authority are empowered to make representations against new applications for and variations applications to premises licences, as well as call for a review.
- 5.6.2 A procedure has been put into place to ensure that any representation made by the Licensing Authority as a Responsible Authority will be made without prejudicing its ability to determine the application in a fair and objective manner.

6. Other Considerations

6.1 Live Music, Dancing & Theatre

6.1.1 This Policy recognises the need to encourage live music, dancing and theatre for the wider cultural benefits of the community generally. In addressing such issues, the potential for disturbance to residents will try to be balanced with the wider cultural benefits to the wider population.

6.2 Integration of Strategies

- 6.2.1 The Licensing Authority will secure the proper integration of this policy with local crime prevention, anti-social behaviour away from licensed premises, planning, transport, tourism and cultural strategies by:
 - Liaising and consulting with Warwickshire Police, Community Safety Forum, and considering any guidance from the crime and disorder strategy document; and
 - Liaising and consulting with the appropriate Council Officers, the Planning Committee, the Executive, and considering guidance in the Local Plan.
- 6.2.2 Specific conditions may be attached to premises licences, where appropriate, to reflect local crime prevention strategies. Such conditions may include
 - the correct use of well installed closed circuit television cameras;
 - the provision and use of shatterproof drinking receptacles;
 - a drugs and weapons search policy;
 - the use of ID scanners
 - the use of registered door supervisors;
 - specialised lighting requirements;
 - restrictions on hours of opening and licensable activities.
- 6.2.3 Certificates issued to club premises will reflect local crime prevention strategies and may include any or all of the requirements listed above. The Licensing Authority will have regard to any local orders and/or strategies relating to street drinking.

7 Other regulatory regimes

7.1 This policy will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes wherever possible. The following advice relates to specific regimes but is not exhaustive:-

7.2 Health and Safety

7.2.1 Premises will normally have been visited by the Council's Health and Community Protection inspection staff with regard to health and safety enforcement at the premises. Certain premises will not fall under this regime and will be the subject

of health and safety enforcement by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). These regimes place a range of general and specific duties on employees, employers, operators of venues and members of the public. Matters arising out of the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974 and associated Regulations should not be the subject of conditions that duplicate statutory H&S requirements.

7.3 Fire Safety

7.3.1 Premises and their operators will have statutory duties under the current fire safety regime to ensure the safety of patrons visiting the premises. The operating schedule should state the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety of the public.

7.4 Food Hygiene

7.4.1 Premises selling alcohol and/or premises engaged in a food business must be registered with WDC and subject to risk-based food hygiene inspections at regular intervals. The inspections are carried out by the council's Health and Community Protection officers.

7.5 Noise

7.5.1 Statutory and public nuisances are dealt with by the Council's Health and Community Safety Section under the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and associated legislation.

7.6 Planning

7.6.1 Premises that apply for a licence or a variation of a licence should be aware that they may also need planning permission to carry out the activities applied for.

8 Standard Conditions

8.1 The Licensing Authority does not support the use of blanket conditions which, if imposed, may be seen as disproportionate and overly burdensome. Conditions attached to licences will be tailored to the individual styles and characteristics of the premises and events concerned and will be precise and enforceable and will be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve.

9 Enforcement

9.1 Inspections of premises will be on a risk assessed basis, to be undertaken when and if judged necessary, assisted by information provided by the Multi Agency Licensing Group.

10 Special Policy Regarding Cumulative Impact

- 10.1 The Licensing Authority recognises that there is a difference between the cumulative impact of premises and commercial need. The latter is a function of market forces and is not a factor the Council may take into account in the discharge of its licensing function.
- 10.2 The Licensing Authority adopted a special policy regarding cumulative impact in November 2005 at the commencement of the Licensing Act 2003 where it considered that a significant concentration of licensed premises would have an

impact on the licensing objectives and granting of further licences in that area would add to this impact. When adopting the special policy reference to the steps outlined in the relevant part of the guidance issued under section 182 of the Act.

- 10.3 The Licensing Authority formed two saturation zones, based on information supplied in 2005 on crime and disorder and other related matters. The area and its necessity has been ratified by further figures supplied to the Licensing Authority in January 2009 as part of its review of the cumulative impact policy.
- 10.4 The two zones, when joined together, form the same area as the Leamington Safer Neighbourhood area. In the interest of clarity and transparency, the two zones have been amalgamated into one cumulative impact zone. Properties on both sides of any road which borders the zone are deemed to be included within the zone. A plan of the zone may be found at the end of this policy as Appendix 1.
- 10.5 It is considered that the cumulative impact of further new licences in this zone may lead to the area becoming further saturated with premises of a certain type, including pubs, clubs, takeaways and off licences, making the area a focal point for large groups of people, thereby creating exceptional problems of disorder and nuisance over and above the impact from the individual premises themselves.
- 10.6 The special policy regarding cumulative impact will not be used to try to revoke an existing licence or certificate when representations are made about the way the premises are being operated. However, the special policy may be a justification to refuse an application or to vary a licence or certificate.
- 10.7 The Licensing Authority will not operate a quota of any description including the special policy, that would pre determine an application. Each application will be considered on its individual merits. Proper regard will be given to the contrasting styles and individual characteristics of the premises concerned, and the differing impact they will have on the local community.
- 10.8 If an application for a premises licence within the cumulative impact zone is made, the Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to demonstrate in their operating schedule, the steps to be taken to prevent problems of nuisance and public safety and the steps to be taken to promote the reduction of crime and disorder. The onus of proof will be on the applicant to show that the application will not impact on the four licensing objectives
- 10.9 The Licensing Authority will consider the individual merits of all applications and where it feels to grant the application would be unlikely to add significantly to the cumulative impact in light of the licensing objectives, the Licensing Authority may grant the application.
- 10.10 The policy will be subject to review.

11 Responsible Authorities

11.1 A list of contact details for Responsible Authorities authorised under the Act is attached to this policy as Appendix 2.

- 11.2 Responsible Authorities are able to make representations regarding new or variation applications for premises licences and also to seek a review of a current premises licence.
- 11.3 Representations will only be relevant if they relate to one or more of the licensing objectives referred to in paragraph 5.

12. Early Morning Restriction Orders (EMROs) and Late Night Levy (LNL)

- 12.1 Following a report from officers, Warwick District Council's Licensing Committee recommended to full Council that it was felt, at the current time, the application of a LNL or EMROs was not appropriate for the council's area.
- 12.2 The Licensing Committee's recommendation was accepted by full Council.

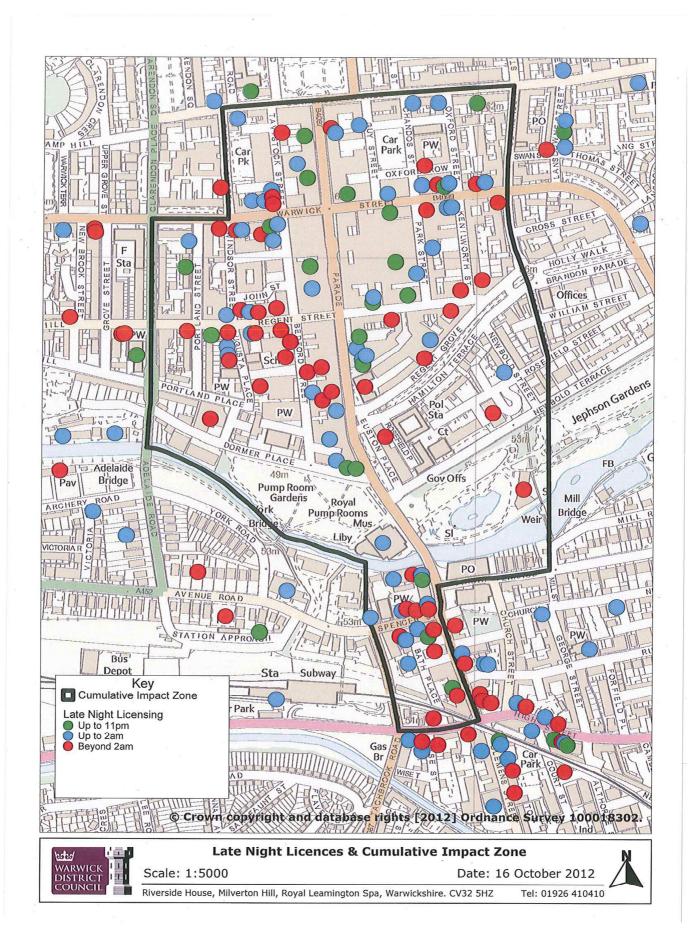
13 Restricted Drinking Zone

- 13.1 The Criminal Justice and Police Act 2001 includes a number of powers to combat crime and disorder, including measures to deal with alcohol related problems. The act gives local authorities the power to designate areas Restricted Drinking Zones' where it will become an offence for any person to drink alcohol after being requested not to do so by a police officer.
- 13.2 The entire area covered by Warwick District has been designated a Restricted Drinking Zone.
- 13.2 This means that, anywhere in the district, it is an arrestable offence to fail, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a police officer's request to cease drinking alcohol. The police also have the power to confiscate and dispose of any alcohol and containers in the person's possession.

14 Further Information

- 14.1 The Licensing Authority has produced guidance documents for applicants.
- 14.2 The Council's Health and Community Protection Section offers advice on the process for, and, progress of, applications and as to whether particular activities need to be licensed. If detailed advice on the requirements of the legislation and how it affects you and your premises is required, independent legal advice should be sought.
- 14.3 The granting of a licence under the Licensing Act 2003 does not obviate the need for permissions or consents required under other legislation.

Appendix 1 – Cumulative Impact Zone (current for 2013)



Appendix 2 - List of Responsible Authorities

POLICE:

Chief Officer of Police
Warwickshire Police Licensing Team
Warwickshire Justice Centre Leamington Spa
Newbold Terrace
Leamington Spa
Warwickshire
CV32 4EL

Tel: 01926 684033 Fax: 01926 684038

Email: <u>Liquor.Licensing@warwickshire.pnn.police.uk</u>

FIRE AUTHORITY:

County Fire Officer
Warwickshire Fire & Rescue Service
Fire Safety Headquarters
Old Budbrook Road
Warwick
CV35 7DP

Tel: 01926 410800

E.Mail: firesafety@warwickshire.gov.uk

ENFORCEMENT AGENCY FOR HEALTH AND SAFETY:

Regulatory Manager Health and Community Protection Warwick District Council Riverside House Milverton Hill Royal Leamington Spa CV32 5HZ

Tel: 01926 456707

Email: ehsafety@warwickdc.gov.uk

AUTHORITY RESPONSIBLE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH:

Environmental Sustainability Manager Health and Community Protection Warwick District Council Riverside House Milverton Hill Royal Leamington Spa CV32 5HZ

Tel: 01926 456714

Email: ehpollution@warwickdc.gov.uk

THE LICENSING AUTHORITY:

Safer Communities Manager Health and Community Protection Warwick District Council Riverside House Milverton Hill Royal Leamington Spa CV32 5HZ

Tel: Email:

AUTHORITY RESPONSIBLE FOR PLANNING:

Gary Fisher Group Leader Development Control Warwick District Council Riverside House Milverton Hill Royal Leamington Spa CV32 5HZ

Tel: 01926 456541

Email: gary.fisher@warwickdc.gov.uk

BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN FROM HARM:

Keith Edwards
Assistant Head of Service
Planning and Performance Children
Young People and Families Directorate
Saltisford Office Park,
Ansell Way
Warwick
CV34 4UL

Tel: 01926 731139

Email: sslicensingapplications@warwickshire.gov.uk

WARWICKSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (WEIGHTS & MEASURES):

Simon Coupe Divisional Trading Standards Officer Old Budbrooke Road Warwick CV35 7DP

Tel: 01926 414080

Email: simoncoupe@warwickshire.gov.uk

PUBLIC HEALTH ENGLAND:

Public Health Department (Licensing)
NHSWarwickshire/Warwickshire County Council
PO Box 43 – Shire Hall
Warwick
CV34 4SX

Email:

PublicHealth5PMPUBLICHEALTHWARWICKSHIREPCT@warwickshire.nhs.uk