

Planning Committee: 02 February 2011

Item Number:

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Registration Date: 20/09/10

Town/Parish Council: Old Milverton

Expiry Date: 15/11/10

Case Officer: Sandip Sahota
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**Quarry Farm, Old Milverton Lane, Old Milverton, Leamington Spa, CV32
6RW**

Erection of 80 bed residential care home (Use Class C2) after demolition of
existing buildings FOR Opus Land (Quarry Farm) LLP & Care UK

This application has been requested to be presented to Committee by Councillor John Hammon.

SUMMARY OF REPRESENTATIONS

Cllr Hammon: Has requested this application be presented to Planning Committee.

Old Milverton & Blackdown Joint Parish Council: "Please note that this Parish Council objects to this planning application on the following grounds: The estimate of staff required appears to be insufficient, since many of the residents suffering from dementia will almost certainly require individual extra nursing in their rooms. The categories of staff do not appear to have been set out in the application. Car parking appears insufficient, considering the need to cater for staff (1 above refers) and visitors. The amenity areas appear to be cramped, both inside and outside the building. If several residents have visitors at once, space will be at a premium. This site will not permit residents to be taken for walks: Old Milverton lane is comparatively busy and there is no footpath along the road. The development would infringe the Green Belt and would not be in accordance with development permitted under PPG2. It seems likely that the Helen Lay Home may close, and if this is the case, has the applicant considered developing on that site?"

Public Response: 1 letter of concern on grounds of possible implications for traffic has been submitted by the General Manager at Nuffield.

Environmental Health: "The Environmental Health department have fully considered these plans and have no objections / comments in relation to the application. The site has never been subject to any form of noise complaints. The B8/ B2 usage is currently storage units for a removal firm and has been for several years. This business does not pose any noise concerns for this department".

WCC Highways Authority: "The proposal has shown to decrease the amount of vehicular movements associated with the site. Therefore, although the visibility splay is insufficient ordinarily, the Highway Authority's response to your consultation in regard to the above application which was received by the Council on 20/09/2010, is one of NO OBJECTION, subject to the following conditions(s):

1. The development shall not be occupied until a turning area has been provided within the site so as to enable all anticipated vehicles to leave and re-enter the public highway in a forward gear".

Cultural Services (Public Open Space): "Since the application is for a residential care home, it can be assumed that many of the elderly residents will not be using local green space for recreational purposes due to age and health. Therefore it would seem inappropriate to request for an offsite contribution".

Waste Management: "As long as there is adequate access for the refuse vehicles and bin storage we are happy. If the vehicle cannot access the site the distance from the bins to the vehicle shouldn't be longer than 25 metres."

WCC Fire & Rescue: "No objection subject to the imposition of the following condition on any planning permission which may be granted: 'The development hereby permitted shall not be commenced until a scheme for the provision of adequate water supplies and fire hydrants, necessary for fire fighting purposes at the site, has been submitted to, and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority. The development shall not then be occupied until the scheme has been implemented to the satisfaction of the Local Planning Authority.
REASON: In the interests of fire safety".

Warwickshire Police: "In relation to this planning request I have liaised with the agent and architect and discussed crime prevention and security. Warwickshire Police have no objections to this application".

Cultural Services (Trees): "Raises no objection, subject to conditions: Method statement for protection of trees including details of order of operations. Detail of no dig surfaces, including present and proposed levels and detail of matching levels to adjacent surfaces. Details of location of all underground services and drainage and details of means of installation near to trees".

WCC Ecology: Recommend a number of standard conditions and notes.

Environment Agency: "We OBJECT to the proposed development as submitted because it involves the use of a non-mains foul drainage system and an inadequate assessment of the risks of pollution to ground and surface waters has been provided by the applicant. We recommend that planning permission should be refused on this basis.

Reasons

The application form indicates that foul drainage is to be discharged to a non-mains drainage system. In these circumstances DETR Circular 03/99 advises that a full and detailed consideration be given to the environmental criteria listed in Annex A of the Circular in order to justify the use of non-mains drainage facilities. In this instance inadequate information has been submitted.

The application does not, therefore, provide a sufficient basis for an assessment to be made of the risks of pollution to ground and surface waters arising from the proposed development.

In particular, the submitted application fails to justify the use of a cesspool over preferred alternative means of foul disposal, for example, septic tank or package treatment plant in accordance with the hierarchy set out in DETR Circular 03/99/WO Circular 10/99 and Building Regulations Approved Document H.

The Environment Agency would be in a position to remove its objection if the foul water was discharged to a foul sewer as suggested as a possibility in the application.

Groundwater and Contaminated Land

We have assessed the August 2010 geo-environmental investigation report by Discovery CE, as submitted with this planning application. It correctly sets out the site as sitting on a Principal sandstone aquifer some 200 m away from the River Avon. However, despite this sensitive setting, the level of site pollution present seems minimal. As the site has been used as a farm, with only more recently some of the buildings let to other companies, the only area of (shallow) impact seems to reside around a former above ground fuel storage tank near BH103, where some spillages must have occurred over time. Diesel range organics were picked up in the sample from 0.6 m depth, but no longer in the 0.9 m sample.

Furthermore, there is some Made Ground present on site, but this seems mainly reworked natural ground, mixed with some brick and concrete cobbles and only occasionally containing bits of wood, metal or tarmac. Soil total concentrations and leachate testing indicate all levels of typical pollutants are below significance. Groundwater was not detected during these site investigations.

The report considers it prudent to simply remove the hydrocarbon impacted topsoils in the vicinity of BH103. We agree and look forward to receiving its validation sampling results. We may recommend this as part of a condition on the application once the concerns outlined above have been addressed.

The excavation should take away any uncertainty surrounding its potential long-term impacts to the environment. That aside, we do not see the need to condition any further site investigations or risk assessments, as these do not seem to be warranted following the initial studies undertaken to date. Clearly, if any unsuspected contamination does get found in the near future, the developer needs to get back in touch with the Regulatory Authorities to reconsider the impacts and options available".

SUPERSEDED BY -

"We are now able to REMOVE OUR OBJECTION to this application. The proposed drainage scheme would be acceptable provided the applicant applies for a suitable permit to discharge to ground".

RELEVANT POLICIES

- DP11 - Drainage (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP12 - Energy Efficiency (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP13 - Renewable Energy Developments (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP2 - Amenity (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP3 - Natural and Historic Environment and Landscape (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- SC2 - Protecting Employment Land and Buildings (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP6 - Access (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP7 - Traffic Generation (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP8 - Parking (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- DP9 - Pollution Control (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- Vehicle Parking Standards (Supplementary Planning Document)
- Sustainable Buildings (Supplementary Planning Document - December 2008)

- DP1 - Layout and Design (Warwick District Local Plan 1996 - 2011)
- Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines SPG
- Planning Policy Guidance 13: Transport
- Planning Policy Statement 25 : Development and Flood Risk
- Planning Policy Statement 3 : Housing
- Planning Policy Statement 4 : Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth
- Planning Policy Statement 7 : Sustainable Development in Rural Areas
- Planning Policy Guidance 2 : Green Belts

PLANNING HISTORY

An application for a certificate of lawfulness (ref: W10/1068) for operational development and use of land as primary access road to the equestrian land area and as a secondary access road to the rear storage land area at Quarry Farm has been submitted to the District Planning Authority but has not yet been determined.

An application for a certificate of lawfulness (W09/0649) for 'existing use of land as a storage place for containers used for storing equipment and materials and for open storage of vehicles and machinery on a commercial basis deposited on the site by tenants and with access arrangement from Milverton Lane' was granted in March 2010.

Planning permission (ref: W05/1601) for 'redevelopment of existing development site, including demolition of existing buildings and erection of a 1600 square metre, 8.5 metre high, two storey building purpose built for self storage and furniture manufacture/ storage together with associated car parking and loading bays was granted in December 2005. The approved building is arranged internally to provide a wide range of storage options from 1-50 square metres. Direct access and drive in units are accessible to vehicles and a service lift serves the first floor. Whereas the existing buildings are arranged around the perimeter of the site, the approved building is sited in the part furthest away from public view helping to create open views of the countryside currently blocked by buildings thereby enhancing the open character of this part of the Green Belt. The approved building is designed to reflect the appearance of grain stores. To this end, the building is designed as three pitched-roofed elements orientated northeast-southwest, linked by a flat roofed element. This design helps to reduce the scale and mass of the building and hence the visual impact. The building materials for the approved building are block work/ bricks below with profiled steel cladding above. The pitched roofs are coloured profiled steel and the flat roof leaded. The approved building is to be set into the contours by up to 1 metre to ensure the ridge height is no higher than the existing buildings. To further reduce the visual impact, the colour of the building is the subject of approval by the District Planning Authority. The building is to be located in the north-west corner of the site, with car parking to the south and east. All pre-commencement conditions have been discharged and a material commencement has been made to this development in order to keep the permission 'alive'.

Planning permission (ref: W97/0148) for 'change of use from redundant agricultural building to (a) furniture storage/ ancillary manufacture, (b) furniture storage and the erection of front boundary wall and gates' was granted in April 1997. This relates to the land directly to the west of the application site.

KEY ISSUES

The Site and its Location

The site is washed over by Green Belt and is categorised as Arden Parklands in the Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines. It has an area of some 0.45 ha and is some 100m deep by 40m wide running east/west and is located on the west side of Old Milverton Lane, approximately 300 metres from the Blackdown roundabout on the A452 Kenilworth Road. Opposite the site, on the east side of Old Milverton Lane, the Warwickshire Nuffield Hospital has developed into a high quality, large-scale building complex with extensive car parking. To the north, adjoining the roundabout on Kenilworth Road, the Woodland Grange Management Training Centre has also developed into a high quality large-scale building complex, with further extensions recently approved and completed.

The north boundary of the site is defined by the edge of the existing storage sheds, with the boundary treatment comprising a 1 metre high post and rail fence supplemented with trees/hedge with an average height of 9 metres. Beyond this is an open field between the application site and Woodland Grange. The east boundary of the site faces Old Milverton Lane and provides the sole access to the site. This entrance is defined by a red brick wall which leads visitors into the site. Beyond this there is a small forecourt which is used for parking. There are a number of mature trees to the front of the site behind the front boundary. The south boundary of the site is clearly defined by the existing storage sheds, with the boundary treatment comprising a post and rail fence. The west boundary of the site is currently not identified as the land for the proposed development is being split from a larger plot in B2/ B8 use. Land to the south and west is in agricultural/'horse' use, with an open field to the south and agricultural storage buildings to the west. The site is located approximately 3 km north of Leamington Spa Town Centre and 4 km from Leamington Spa Railway Station.

A mixture of outbuildings, sheds and containers are currently arranged along both flanks of the site and are accessed by gravel roads with loading areas between the flanks. There are 23 existing buildings on the site with a total floor space in the order of 1590 square metres: 6 x steel containers; 5 x breeze block buildings; 5 x portacabins; 1 x brick building; 3 x timber buildings; 1 x caravan and 2 x corrugated iron sheds.

The larger buildings vary in height from approximately 6m to 7.4m high. Most existing buildings are in a poor condition do not appear suitable for refurbishment. The primary land uses at present include: storage falling within Use Class B8 and furniture manufacture falling within Use Class B2. Ancillary uses include offices used by businesses operating from the site. Some small buildings are also used for washroom/toilets and stables in connection with the horse related uses operating on agricultural land to the south.

Details of the Development

Erection of 80 bed residential care home (Use Class C2) with associated ancillary accommodation, parking and landscaping after demolition of existing buildings.

Assessment

The main considerations in the determination of this application are:

1. Whether the proposed development amounts of inappropriate development in the Green Belt, and if so whether there are any very special circumstances to outweigh the harm by reason of inappropriateness and any other harm;
2. Whether the proposal would comprise sustainable development, having particular regard to the need to reduce travel;
3. Whether the proposal would provide adequate living conditions for future residents.
4. Loss of existing employment site.
5. Renewables
6. Parking
7. Drainage
8. Trees/ landscaping
9. Refuse
10. Flood risk
11. Contamination

Green Belt:

Paragraph 3.4 of Planning Policy Guidance 2: *Green Belts* sets out five categories where the construction of new buildings is considered to be appropriate development in the Green Belt. The proposed care home does not fall within any of these categories and is therefore inappropriate development. PPG2 states that there is a general presumption against inappropriate development within Green Belts and that such development should not be approved, except in very special circumstances. It goes on to add that inappropriate development is, by definition, harmful to the Green Belt and that it is for the applicant to show why permission should be granted. Very special circumstances to justify inappropriate development will not exist unless the harm by reason of inappropriateness, and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations. Substantial weight shall be attached to the harm to the Green Belt when considering any planning applications concerning such development.

Whilst the footprint of the proposed building is approximately the same as the total footprint of the existing buildings, the proposed building will be arranged over a combination of two and three storeys (heights ranging between 6.5 to 9.5 to 12 metres) and generate a total gross internal floor area of approximately 4000 square metres. In comparison, the existing site only contains single and two storey structures while the approved scheme only has a two storey building. With maximum lengths and widths of 78 and 33 metres the proposed building is arranged along the central spine of the site. Boundary distances are generally 10 metres with minimum distances of 5 metres in 2 places. There is a distance of approximately 8 metres between the proposed building and the flank of the closest storage shed on the adjacent B2/B8 land use site. The proposed development will also impact on the existing site levels as a level access street entrance to the building and levelled exits from all ground floor areas to the

gardens form part of the proposal. The number of cars to be parked on the site would also result in some loss of openness within the Green Belt.

Whilst I note that the proposed development dedicates at least 30% of its site area to landscaped gardens and amenity space compared to 8% in the granted permission and 5% in the current situation and that a large gap of 22 metres has been left from the edge of pavement to the front edge of the building, I consider that the additional bulk and mass of the proposed building would result in a loss of openness to the Green Belt. Paragraph 1.4 of PPG2 states that the most important attribute of the Green Belt is its openness and, for the above reason, I conclude that the scheme would be harmful in this respect. The fact that the existing and proposed planting may result in some degree of screening of the proposal does not mean that the effect on openness is improved. Green Belt policy applies with equal force throughout the designated area and reduced visibility of proposals from public vantage points does not confer acceptability. It is the physical bulk of the building that would result in this detrimental effect.

PPG2 advises, in paragraph 3.15, that the visual amenities of the Green Belt should not be injured by development visually harmful through siting, materials or design.

Planning Policy Statement 7 states that all development in rural areas should be well designed and inclusive, in keeping and scale with its location, and sensitive to the character of the countryside and local distinctiveness.

The Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines produced by Warwickshire County Council and the Countryside Commission has been subject to public consultation and formally adopted as Supplementary Planning Guidance by the Council in 1994. The application site forms part of the Arden regional character and the Arden Parklands landscape type as defined in the SPG. Typical features include a dispersed settlement pattern of hamlets and farmsteads as an integral element of the landscape. an irregular and small scale field pattern, ancient woodlands and mature hedgerow oaks. The overall character and qualities of the Arden Parklands landscape is described as an enclosed, gently rolling landscape defined by woodland edges, parklands and belts of trees. The overall guidelines for the Arden area intend that the built character should be conserved by ensuring that new development reflects the vernacular style, with particular attention being given to scale, building materials and the incorporation of traditional features.

The existing buildings on the application site, in my view, generally appear from public vantage points as typical agricultural outbuildings. The approved replacement building was designed to reflect the appearance of grain stores. As such, both the existing and approved buildings sit relatively comfortably within this rural location. While the characteristic features of this landscape includes large country houses set in mature parkland, I take the view that the contemporary modernist design of the proposed building incorporating extensive areas of glazing and the ratio of built development to open space is not synonymous with the rural setting and would serve to make the building an incongruous feature in the landscape. This would be particularly prominent at night when the rooms behind the glazing were lit. The sizeable building would be a prominent feature in the landscape which would weaken the countryside character. The building would fail to either harmonise with the rural setting of this site or reinforce the vernacular building style characteristic of the Arden landscape. The proposal would therefore clearly conflict with the objectives of the aforementioned SPG and Policy DP1 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011.

An external lighting scheme to provide functional, amenity and security lighting to the pedestrian pathways including around the gardens, general walkway around the building, the entrance areas and the car park forms part of the proposed development. The lighting report submitted with the application indicates that 16no. 18LED luminaires mounted upon 4 metre columns are proposed for pathway lighting and pedestrian movement areas; 7no. larger 52LED luminaires mounted upon 6 metre high columns are proposed within car parking areas and access to the building; 8no. buried LED marker guide lights around the entrance and 16no. wall mounted downlight luminaires around the building. The Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines for the Arden Special Landscape Area highlight the influence of urban expansion in eroding its rural character. Within development control guidelines the dangers of suburbanising influences of new development are mentioned. Whilst upward lighting has been avoided and the column lighting uses LEDs with lens optics to distribute the luminous flux downwards, in my view, the visual impact of new lighting columns and of light pollution in this sensitive site within the Green Belt and Special Landscape Area would significantly harm its openness and distinctive rural character. Whilst the columns would have a marginal impact on openness, they would introduce a type of development that is more typical of an urban area. As such, I consider they would constitute an encroachment into the countryside and therefore conflict with one of the purposes for including land in the Green Belt. Consequently, I am of the view that they amount to inappropriate development in the Green Belt. I consider that the proposed lighting would detract from the quality of both the day and night time landscape. I appreciate that the hours of illumination could be restricted by condition but I am not satisfied that this would be sufficient to overcome the harm to the character of the area.

I note the considerations put forward by the applicant to add weight to the argument for granting planning permission with regard to the national and local need for the type of development proposed and their view that the proposal would result in a visual enhancement of the application site and these have been weighed in the balance. However, PPG2 states that the necessary very special circumstances will not exist unless the harm by reason of inappropriateness, and any other harm, is clearly outweighed by other considerations. When all of the above is weighed, I conclude that the harm by reason of inappropriate development, the loss of openness to the Green Belt and the harm to the character and appearance of the area are not clearly outweighed by the other considerations put forward in support of the scheme. The very special circumstances necessary to justify the development do not therefore exist.

Sustainable development:

Planning Policy Statement 7: *Sustainable Development in Rural Areas* states that away from larger urban areas, planning authorities should focus most new development in or near to local service centres where employment, housing, services and other facilities can be provided close together to ensure that facilities are served by public transport and provide improved opportunities for access by walking and cycling. National planning policies for transport in PPS13 include promoting accessibility by public transport, walking and cycling and reducing the need to travel, especially by car

The application site is located in a predominantly rural location and as such access by walking and cycling is limited. The closest public transport link is the bus stop located on the A452 Kenilworth Road approximately 400 metres from the site and Leamington Spa Railway Station is located approximately 2.8 kilometres away. However, there is no footpath on Old Milverton Lane in order to access the site by foot. To the south of the development site, Old Milverton

Lane is a narrow, rural, minor road and there is no footway on either side of the carriageway. Along the site frontage, the carriageway widens, however, there is no footpath along this section of the road. Immediately to the north of the site, there is a footway on the eastern side of the road that runs south from the roundabout to the first entrance to the Nuffield Hospital, finishing approximately 80 metres north of the proposed development. Traffic speeds are also high and there is limited street lighting, which would be a further deterrent to walking. I am therefore of the view that the application site is not highly accessible to the urban area by walking, cycling and public transport.

On site monitoring by the applicant in the 2005 application demonstrated that traffic levels generated by the existing employees and customers visiting the site amounts to less than 100 trips per day. The number of full time equivalent staff proposed as part of this application is 40 compared to 24 which are currently employed at the application site. It is proposed that 80 residents will occupy the proposed care home and receive visitors during daytime and evening hours. A travel plan and transport assessment have been submitted with this application. Research undertaken by the applicants has focused upon the TRIP generation from the existing development on site and from the proposed. The vehicular TRIP comparison shows that the proposed development would be less intensive than the extant approved development. The Highway Authority, whose remit includes assessing the sustainability credentials of proposals, have not objected to the scheme and agree with the applicants findings that the proposal has shown to decrease the amount of vehicular movements associated with this site. Whilst clearly conscious of the very different nature of the existing lawful uses on the site and the nature of the development proposed. I am therefore satisfied that in terms of traffic generation, this proposal would not undermine local and national planning objectives of creating more sustainable patterns of development.

Living conditions:

I note the concerns raised by the Parish Council regarding amenity, however, the home will be designed to current CSCI standards and will also look to the future and include larger than minimum area bedrooms, extra day space and a range of communal facilities all in excess of minimum standards. Open and sheltered private garden areas will also be provided to all ground floor accommodation.

Nevertheless, I do have concerns in relation to living conditions for the future residents. The applicants have confirmed that the area of land to the west of the application site will continue to operate as a B2/ B8 use. It was made clear to the applicants in pre-application discussions that it was the view of the District Planning Authority that the proposed C2 use and the established B2/B8 uses to the west of the site were incompatible in planning terms. The applicant has attempted to overcome this by orientating the west wing of the proposed home so that all principle windows face south and a central courtyard space at the central spine of the building allows the day space areas to be dual aspect. A zone of planting along the entire western boundary and trellis screening is also proposed to maximise residents' visual amenity and to mitigate disturbance from the adjacent site. Whilst I consider that the proposed design successfully manages the issue of outlook, given the proximity of the west wing to the adjacent site, I do not feel that it fully overcomes the issue of noise and disturbance that is characteristic of B2/B8 uses. Whilst noting the views of the Environmental Health Officer, I am also mindful that the existing B2/B8 uses could change to other uses within the same use class without the need for

planning permission and that those uses may have the potential to cause even greater harm to the living conditions of residents.

To the south of the development site, Old Milverton Lane is a narrow, rural, minor road. There is no footway on either side of the carriageway. Along the site frontage, the carriageway widens, however, there is no footpath along this section of the road. The speed limit is reduced to 40mph at this point. Immediately to the north of the site, there is a footway on the eastern side of the road that runs south from the roundabout to the first entrance to the Nuffield Hospital, finishing approximately 80 metres north of the proposed development. The site will therefore make it impossible for residents to be taken for walks 'off-site' direct from the application site. Furthermore, the rural location of this site means that residents in this development will not form part of a mixed community with easy access to a range of community facilities and other services.

I am therefore of the view that the proposed development would fail to provide adequate living conditions for future residents and would be contrary to the provisions of Policy DP2 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011 and the Governments objectives of creating inclusive and mixed developments in all areas.

Loss of existing employment site:

Policy SC2 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011 states that redevelopment or change of use of existing and committed employment (B1, B2 & B8) land and buildings for other uses will not be permitted unless the location and/ or nature of the present employment activity has an unacceptable adverse impact upon adjacent residential uses, and an applicant can demonstrate that it would not be desirable to seek to replace this with any other employment use; or the applicant can demonstrate that there are valid reasons why the use of a site for the existing or another employment use is not economically viable.

The applicant recognises that the existing employment use at the site does not specifically impose upon existing uses within the surrounding area but puts forward the case that the proposed use would be more acceptable and complimentary to neighbouring uses in the area. The case is also made that the proposed use would bring forward a more stable employment use for this site. An assertion is also made as to the future viability of the existing use as the site owners do not anticipate that manufacturing employment has a significant future within the existing site.

I note the case put forward by the applicant, but consider that it does not provide sufficient justification to overcome the policy objection. Employment land is defined in the policy as B1, B2 and B8 uses and therefore the argument that the proposed development would provide a more stable employment use is not relevant to this policy. I am also of the view that insufficient information has been submitted to lead me to conclude that the use of the site for the existing or another employment use is not economically viable. The fact that the land to the west is to be retained for this use would suggest that it is. I am mindful of the advice in PPS4: Planning for Sustainable Economic Growth, but do not consider there is anything therein which would prejudice Local Plan Policy SC2 or lead me to come to another conclusion than that above.

Renewables:

The Renewable Energy and Sustainable Construction Statement submitted with this application demonstrates that the building has been designed to maximise passive solar heating. It also indicates that consideration has been given to various forms of renewable technologies with Combined Heat & Power (CHP) technology found to be the most appropriate method in this case which will be utilised to provide at least 10% of the energy demand of the proposed building. I am therefore satisfied that the proposal meets the requirements set out in Policies DP12 and DP13 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011 and the Council's Sustainable Buildings SPD.

Parking:

The Council's Vehicle Parking Standards SPD stipulates that 1 parking space per 3 residents (including 2 disabled spaces) plus provision for an ambulance is required for C2 Residential Institutions. It also specifies that cycle parking is required but that numbers are to be considered on merit.

The proposed development includes a car park at the east boundary of the site off Old Milverton Lane with provision for 25 spaces of which 2 are for disabled users. Provision has also been made for a drop off zone, ambulance waiting space and cycle parking for upto 8 cycles. Deliveries by service vehicles will take place via the car park.

Applying the standard set out in the SPD means that 27 spaces are required. However, a Travel Plan has been submitted with the application which seeks to reduce excessive car use at the development. I am therefore satisfied that the deficit of 2 spaces would not be so significant such as to justify a reason for refusal in this case.

Drainage:

Severn Trent water records confirm that there are no existing Public Foul Sewers adjacent to or in the immediate vicinity of the proposed development site. It is therefore considered that a mains sewerage connection for the disposal of domestic sewage from the site would not be a viable option. The applicants have held discussions with the Environment Agency, who have confirmed that as there are no Public Foul Sewers in the vicinity of the site, a package sewage treatment plant would be an acceptable alternative for the disposal of foul flows. The proposed solution is the provision of a suitably sized Package Sewage Treatment Plant. As the nearest watercourse is cut off by third party land, it is proposed to discharge treated effluent to the ground. The Environment Agency have confirmed that the proposed drainage scheme would be acceptable provided the applicant applies for a suitable permit to discharge to ground.

Preliminary site investigation works have indicated that the site is underlain by Bromsgrove Sandstone, and therefore the use of soakaways or other infiltration system may be feasible subject to further testing to determine infiltration coefficients. The applicants have been in discussion with The Environment Agency regarding the proposed use of soakaways at the site. Initial feedback from The Environment Agency would suggest that they are happy for an infiltration system to be utilised at the site for the disposal of surface water, subject to satisfactory site investigation results. As such, it is intended that should soakaway testing produce satisfactory results, surface water runoff from the development will discharge to a soakaway system.

Site access, parking and delivery zones will be used by cars and heavy vehicles and therefore be made of paving and tarmac. The majority of external spaces will be constructed for porosity to avoid surface water run-off.

I am therefore satisfied that the proposed development meets the requirements set out in Policy DP11 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011.

Trees/ landscaping:

The site is at present comprised entirely of buildings or hard standing and is of little value to the natural environment, except for a small area along the Old Milverton Lane boundary where there are several mature trees. Existing boundary hedges, where they are, are generally thin or with gaps.

The plans and the tree report show that four trees (3 Ash and 1 Sycamore) are to be removed as part of the proposed development and that the rest of the trees will be retained. The tree survey submitted with this application categorises the trees shown to be removed to be of a fair/ poor physiological and poor/ dead structural condition. In my view none of these trees makes a significant contribution to the amenity of the area and would not be worthy of a Tree Preservation Order. The Council's Arboricultural Officer has raised no objections to the proposed tree works, subject to conditions.

The site is categorised as Arden Parklands in the Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines SPG, where the general development guideline is to soften the built edges through increased planting within the site and for off-site woodland planting to help link the development into the wider landscape. Along the northern boundary of the site the existing native hedge will be managed in an attempt to reinvigorate the hedge. Additional native species planting will be carried out where suitable to fill gaps and add diversity of species. The southern and eastern boundaries will be defined by a timber post and rail fence with clipped native hedge. This hedge will have native trees planted within it to provide both screening and increase biodiversity. Along the western boundary of the site a treated timber close boarded fence topped with trellis will provide ground level screening to the adjacent site. In front of this a native hedge and line of trees will be planted, which over time, will provide an additional visual barrier.

I am of the view that the loss of the proposed trees will not cause harm to the amenity of the area and that the increased planting proposed will help to link the development into the wider landscape in accordance with the guidelines set out in the SPG.

Refuse:

Refuse storage and disposal is to be located to the south west corner of the car park, closest to the kitchen and service area of the proposed building. I am satisfied that this aspect of the proposal has been adequately addressed.

Flood risk:

The River Avon is sited some 200 metres to the west of the application site. A Flood Risk Assessment has been submitted with this application which advises that the site is in Flood Zone 1 and is not susceptible to fluvial flooding. The site of development is on a high level ridge some 15 metres above the River Avon 100 year flood level and there is minimal risk of overland (pluvial) flooding from

surrounding sites. Site surface water drainage will also be designed to minimise the risk of surface water flooding within the site boundary.

I am therefore satisfied that the proposed development will not be susceptible to flooding.

Contamination:

The site may be contaminated with materials as a result of its current and former uses. Typical contaminants could include metals and inorganic compounds such as fuels, lubricants, pesticides, etc. Information gathered from the desk study and observations made during the fieldwork by the applicant's Environmental Engineers suggest limited potential sources of pollution on the site. For the proposed site use, the contaminated land assessment submitted with the application states that the risk of significant harm to human health and to controlled waters has been assessed qualitatively as low. The report considers it prudent to simply remove the hydrocarbon impacted topsoils. The Environment Agency agree and do not see the need to condition any further site investigations or risk assessments, as they consider that are not warranted.

I am therefore satisfied that the proposed development satisfies the requirements set out in Policy DP9 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011.

RECOMMENDATION

REFUSE, subject to the refusal reasons listed below.

REFUSAL REASONS

- 1 The site is situated within the Green Belt and Planning Policy Guidance Note 2 states that, within the Green Belt, the rural character of the area will be retained and protected. It also contains a general presumption against "inappropriate" development in Green Belt areas and lists specific forms of development which can be permitted in appropriate circumstances. The proposed development does not fall within any of the categories listed in the Guidance and, in the Planning Authority's view, very special circumstances sufficient to justify departing from this Guidance have not been demonstrated.

By reason of its additional bulk and mass over and above the existing buildings on the site and the approved building, in the opinion of the District Planning Authority the proposed replacement building would have a far greater impact on the openness of the Green Belt than the existing and approved buildings. The proposed development would therefore be harmful to the Green Belt by reason of inappropriateness and because of its adverse impact on openness.

- 2 Policy DP2 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011 states that development will not be permitted which has an unacceptable adverse impact on the amenity of nearby uses and residents and/ or does not provide acceptable standards of amenity for future users/ occupiers of the development.

The land immediately to the west of the application site is in active B2/ B8 use. In the opinion of the District Planning Authority, the proposed C2 use and the established B2/ B8 use on the adjoining land to the west are incompatible in land use planning terms. Given the proximity of the west wing to the adjoining site, it is considered that the potential for

noise and disturbance is such that adequate living conditions for the occupiers of this part of the development cannot be secured. Furthermore, given the location of the application site and the absence of footways in the vicinity of the application site, it will not be possible for residents to be taken for walks directly from the application site and given the rural location of the site, residents will not form part of a mixed community with easy access to a range of community and other services.

The proposal is therefore contrary to the provisions of the aforementioned policy and the Government objective of creating inclusive and mixed communities as set out in PPS3 : Housing.

- 3 The application site forms part of the Arden regional character and the Arden Parklands landscape type as defined in the Warwickshire Landscape Guidelines SPG. Typical features include a dispersed settlement pattern of hamlets and farmsteads as an integral element of the landscape. an irregular and small scale field pattern, ancient woodlands and mature hedgerow oaks. The overall character and qualities of the Arden Parklands landscape is described as an enclosed, gently rolling landscape defined by woodland edges, parklands and belts of trees. The overall guidelines for the Arden area intend that the built character should be conserved by ensuring that new development reflects the vernacular style, with particular attention being given to scale, building materials and the incorporation of traditional features. In the opinion of the District Planning Authority the existing buildings on the application site generally appear from public vantage points as typical agricultural outbuildings and the approved replacement building was designed to reflect the appearance of grain stores. In comparison, it is considered that the contemporary modernist design of the proposed building incorporating extensive areas of glazing is not synonymous with the rural setting and would appear as an incongruous feature in the landscape. This would be exacerbated at night when the rooms behind the glazing were lit. In addition, the visual impact of the proposed lighting scheme and of light pollution in this sensitive site would significantly harm its distinctive rural character by introducing a type of development that is more typical of an urban area. It would thereby constitute an encroachment into the countryside and conflict with one of the purposes for including land in the Green Belt. The building would fail to either harmonise with the rural setting of this site or reinforce the vernacular building style characteristic of the Arden landscape. The proposal would therefore clearly conflict with the objectives of the aforementioned SPG and Policy DP1 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011.
- 4 Policy SC2 of the Warwick District Local Plan 1996-2011 states that redevelopment or change of use of existing and committed employment land and buildings for other uses will not be permitted unless the location and/ or nature of the present employment activity has an unacceptable adverse impact upon adjacent residential uses, and an applicant can demonstrate that it would not be desirable to seek to replace this with any other employment use; or the applicant can demonstrate that there are valid reasons why the use of a site for the existing or another employment use is not economically viable.

In the opinion of the District Planning Authority the existing employment use does not have an unacceptable adverse impact upon

adjacent residential uses and the applicant has not demonstrated that there are valid reasons why the use of the site for the existing or another employment use is not economically viable. The proposed development is therefore contrary to the provisions of the aforementioned policy.
