Warwick III WARWICK III DISTRICT III COUNCIL	Agenda Item No. 16		
Title: Police & Crime Panel			
For further information about this	Roger Jewsbury		
report please contact	Head of Community Protection		
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	01926 456320		
Wards of the District directly affected	All		
Is the report private and confidential	No		
and not for publication by virtue of a			
paragraph of schedule 12A of the			
Local Government Act 1972, following			
the Local Government (Access to			
Information) (Variation) Order 2006?			
Date and meeting when issue was	n/a		
last considered and relevant minute			
number			
Background Papers	LGA Police & Crime Panels "Guidance on		
	role and composition"		

Contrary to the policy framework:	No
Contrary to the budgetary framework:	No
Key Decision?	No
Included within the Forward Plan? (If yes include reference number)	No
Equality & Sustainability Impact Assessment Undertaken	No
None	

Officer/Councillor Approval

Officer Approval	Date	Name			
Chief Executive/Deputy Chief	18/6/12	Bill Hunt			
Executive					
Head of Service		Author			
СМТ	18/6/12				
Section 151 Officer	18/6/12	Mike Snow			
Monitoring Officer	21/6/12	Andrew Jones			
Finance	18/6/12	Jenny Clayton			
Portfolio Holder(s)	21/6/12	Cllr. Coker, Cllr.Doody			
Consultation & Community Engagement					

Consultation will be required with the other Council's in the County to agree the final
composition of the Panel.

Final Decision?

Yes

Suggested next steps (if not final decision please set out below)

1. SUMMARY

1.1 All 6 Council's within Warwickshire will be receiving reports through June and July to enable them to consider their response to the need to establish a county-wide Police and Crime Panel. This report sets out the recommended response from this Council.

2. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 2.1 That the Council approves the establishment of a Warwickshire Police and Crime Panel (PACP)as a joint committee of the 6 principal authorities in the Warwickshire Police Force area, to be administered by Warwickshire County Council as lead authority.
- 2.2 To approve the nomination of up to two elected members from this Council to the PACP, one of which will be the Leader of the Council.
- 2.3 To delegate authority to the Chief Executive and Head of Community Protection, in consultation with the Leader of the Council and Portfolio Holder for Community Protection, to consult with the other Warwickshire Council's and finalise the composition of the Panel, including the final arrangements for nomination of this Council's representatives, subject to a retrospective report to Executive.

3. **REASONS FOR THE RECOMMENDATION**

- 3.1 Elections for Police & Crime Commissioners (PCC) will take place in Warwickshire on November 15th, 2012. The role of the PCC comes into force on November 22nd and Warwickshire Police Authority ceases to exist on that date.
- 3.2 A Police & Crime Panel (PACP) must also be created to provide checks and balances against the performance of the PCC. Each local authority in Warwickshire must consider options for the composition of the Police & Crime Panel (PACP) within the guidance set out by the Home Office. If agreement cannot be reached then the Home Secretary has the power to appoint the Panel's members.
- 3.3 The guidance states that each local authority must provide at least one representative to the Panel. However, the guidance on the maximum numbers does not easily facilitate the requirement for political and geographical balance within the Panel that needs to be established for the County.
- 3.4 It is therefore recommended that the Council approves the principle of the establishment of the Panel and that the County Council becomes lead authority as it is not considered that any of the 5 district or borough councils have the resources to undertake this role.
- 3.5 Statutory guidance states that the composition of the PACP should be carried out in accordance with a "fair representation objective". The guidance makes reference to where a police force area consists of ten or fewer authorities, the number of members of the PACP will be ten, not including the requirement for two lay co-opted members. However additional Councillors maybe co-opted onto the PACP, as long as the two lay co-optees are also included and the size of the PACP does not exceed 20. The Secretary of State also approves the co-options. Furthermore, if no consensus can be reached amongst the six

Warwickshire Councils around an agreed political and geographical balance, then the Secretary of State has the power to make nominations.

- 3.6 Applying the guidance makes agreement of the composition of the Panel a complex issue. As Warwickshire has 6 local authorities within the police force area it will need a Panel comprising of a minimum number of 10 elected members. The guidance states that each authority must be represented on the Panel by at least one member. Each Council can nominate one member but that would still leave 4 places to fill from 6 Council's, without express consent from the Home Office to allow a Panel that is larger than the guidance stipulates, to accommodate 2 representatives from each Council.
- 3.7 It is therefore recommended that the Council keeps its options open and approves the principle of there being up to 2 nominated members from this Council, subject to resolution of the final composition of the Panel through negotiation with the other Council's under delegated authority.
- 3.8 At present there appears to be unanimity amongst the 6 authorities that each should nominate their Leader to the Panel. This would result in 4 Conservative and 2 Labour representatives.
- 3.9 Application of the 'fair representation' guidance for a panel of 10 would require a political balance of 5 Conservative, 3 Labour and 2 Liberal Democrat members as set out below:

Council	Con	Lab	Lib-Dem	Other	Totals
NWBC	17	18	0	0	35
NBBC	8	25	0	1	34
RBC	25	10	6	1	42
WDC	25	8	9	4	46
SDC	33	0	16	4	53
WCC	38	11	11	2	62
Total	146	72	42	12	272
%	53.676470%	26.47058823%	15.4411764%	4.411764705%	100%
Panel Size	5	3	2	0	10
Initial allocation	5.367	2.647	1.544	0.441	

- 3.10 The Leader of the County Council is also a Nuneaton & Bedworth Borough Council member. It is therefore recommended that this Council's preferred option to take into the negotiation process would be to say that as agreement of the nomination of the 6 Leaders would result in 2 representatives from one authority area, each of the remaining 4 spaces should be filled by a member representing one of each of the four remaining district/borough council areas, thereby fulfilling the geographical balance required by the guidance.
- 3.11 It is acknowledged that the other 5 Council's may have differing ideas as to how the Panel should be composed and that, if agreement can not be reached it might be necessary to request consent for a differing arrangement from the Home Office.

4. **POLICY FRAMEWORK**

4.1 Policy Framework –participation in the PACP members would contribute significantly to the council's vision for Safer Communities:

Protecting our communities from harm with an emphasis on the prevention of incidents, whilst focusing on the most vulnerable to make them feel safer

5. **BUDGETARY FRAMEWORK**

- 5.1 The Home Office has allocated approximately £30,000 plus on costs for each force area to deliver the scrutiny function.
- 5.2 There should therefore be no additional cost to the Council as the Government has set aside monies for expenses and the hosting authority will administer the arrangements for the Panel utilising this funding.

6. **ALTERNATIVE OPTION(S) CONSIDERED**

- 6.1 A range of alternative options exist which will undoubtedly be explored during the negotiations required with the other Councils.
- 6.2 The main alternative is to request a waiver to the guidance from the Home Office to allow 2 nominations from each of the six local authorities. Recommendation 2.2 will encompass such a scenario.

7. BACKGROUND

- 8.1 The Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 establishes Police and Crime Commissioners within each force area and charges them with responsibility for the totality of policing within that area.
- 8.2 The Police & Crime Panel provides the checks and balances against the performance of the Police & Crime Commissioner (PCC). The Police and Crime Panel does not scrutinise the Chief Constable it scrutinises the Commissioner's exercise of his/hers statutory functions this includes:-
 - Review and make recommendations on the draft 5 year police and crime plan and make recommendations to the PCC who must have regard to them
 - Review and make recommendations on the annual report of the PCC, at a public meeting, when the PCC must attend
 - Review and potentially veto, by two-thirds majority the proposed precept for the PCC's proposed budget
 - The power of veto, by two-thirds majority over the PCC's proposed candidate for Chief Constable
 - The power to ask HMIC for a professional view when the PCC intends to dismiss a chief constable
 - The power to require any papers in the PCC's possession (except if operationally sensitive)
 - The power to require the PCC to attend the Police and Crime Panel to answer questions

- 8.3 Attached at Appendix A are the **draft** terms of reference for the PACP. **Please note that the Membership content of the terms of reference has not been agreed.**
- 8.4 The PCC is not a 'responsible authority' for the purposes of Community Safety Partnership(CSP), but there will inevitably be close working between PCC's and the CSP'S. Councils will therefore need to consider how CSP scrutiny and PCP scrutiny will relate to each other. In particular, they will need to ensure that Community safety scrutiny committees do not seek to hold the PCC to account for an issue specific to a single community safety partnership.

Warwickshire Police and Crime Panel

Terms of Reference

The Panel is established as a joint committee of the constituent Councils under section 28 Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011

Purpose

To support the effective exercise of the functions of the Police and Crime Commissioner for Warwickshire (the Commissioner)

Powers

- (a) To review the draft police and crime plan including any draft variation and make report or recommendation on the draft plan to the Commissioner.
- (b) To review the proposals by the Commissioner for the precept (budget) and to report and make recommendations to the Commissioner. The Panel may veto the proposed precept on a 2/3rds majority of the membership of the Panel.
- (c) To review and or scrutinise decisions made or other action by the Commissioner in discharge of his/her functions and make reports or recommendations to the Commissioner.
- (d) To suspend the Commissioner if it appears he/she has been charged with an offence in the UK, Channel Islands or Isle of Man which carries a maximum term of imprisonment exceeding 2 years.
- (e) To appoint an Acting Commissioner from the Commissioners staff in the following circumstances
 - a. No person holds office for Warwickshire or
 - b. the Commissioner is incapacitated or
 - c. the Commissioner is suspended
- (f) To review and hold confirmation hearings in relation to proposals by the Commissioner to appoint a chief executive, chief finance officer or deputy police and crime commissioner.
- (g) To review and hold a confirmation hearing in relation to a proposal by the Commissioner to appoint a Chief Constable. The Panel may veto the proposed appointment on a 2/3rds majority of the membership of the Panel.
- (h) To review and hold a scrutiny hearing in relation to a proposal by the Commissioner to remove a chief constable.
- (i) To publish any reports or recommendations made to the Commissioner as it sees fit and to send a copy to each constituent local authority
- (j) To require the Commissioner or any of his/her staff to attend on reasonable notice to answer questions necessary to the functions of the Panel and/or respond in writing to any report or recommendations made. Where the Commissioner is required to attend the Chief Constable (on reasonable notice) can be required to attend at the same time to answer questions.

Membership – THE CONTENT BELOW, IN ITALICS HAS NOT BEEN AGREED

Ten elected members

The Leader of each of the following constituent authorities

- North Warwickshire Borough Council
- Nuneaton and Bedworth Borough Council
- Rugby Borough Council
- Stratford District Council
- Warwick District Council
- Warwickshire County Council

The Warwickshire County Council shall appoint four additional county councillors as members and in making those appointments **shall ensure** that the fair representation principle and balanced appointment objective are met.

In selecting county councillors for these additional appointments the County Council will seek to ensure that each district/borough administrative area has a county councillor from that area.

The County Council shall review its appointments of the four additional county councillors annually to ensure the fair representation principle and balanced appointment objective continue to be met. The review will take place following the outcome of any ordinary elections in any of the constituent authorities (normally May/June).

The Constituent authorities may from time to time change their nomination or appointments to the Panel and may arrange for a substitute to attend any meeting of the Panel. Substitutes should normally be drawn from the same political party as the member they are replacing.

Two co-opted members appointed by the Panel

The Panel shall appoint two co-opted members who are not elected members of any of the constituent authorities. In making those appointments the Panel shall have regard to the balanced appointment objective.

Additional Co-opted Members appointed by the Panel

The Panel may not appoint any additional co-opted members without the consent of the Secretary of State. The Panel may by resolution seek the approval of the Secretary of State to appoint up to 8 additional co-opted members and in doing so shall set out how its proposals for further appointments would enhance the balanced appointment objective.

In making nominations or appointments to the Panel the constituent authorities must have regard to the following principles

Fair representation principle -each local authority in the police area has at least one councillor representative

Balanced appointment objective – councillor members and councillor co-opted members when taken together should

- Represent all parts of the police area,
- Represent the political make-up of the relevant authorities when taken together
- Have the skills, knowledge and experience necessary for the police and crime panel to discharge its functions effectively

Administering Authority

The Warwickshire County Council shall be the administering authority for the Panel and any financial resources attributable to the Panel including the administration of any member allowances scheme. Any services provided will be funded within the envelope of money provided by Government for the support of the Panel.

The Chief Executive and Monitoring Officer of the Warwickshire County Council respectively will be the Proper Officer and Monitoring Officer for Panel.

The committee administration services will be provided by Warwickshire County Council Democratic Services. The publication of agenda, papers and minutes will be in accordance with normal statutory access to information requirements. Papers for meetings will be published and circulated electronically to members.

The normal level of committee administration support within a municipal year would include support for between 4 -5 ordinary meetings of the joint committee (including any associated Chairs briefing), any additional meetings to meet statutory requirements relating to confirmation or scrutiny hearings plus the facilitation of up to 2 seminar events for the Panel.

Additional support over and above this level would depend on the availability of resources.

Rules of Procedure

1. Appointments -Duration

Appointments to the Panel continue until:

- (i) In relation to elected members the person appointed is replaced or removed by their nominating/appointing body; resigns or ceases to be an elected member
- (ii) In relation to co-opted members the person appointed resigns, is replaced or removed by the Panel

2. Meeting frequency

The Panel will meet at least two times a year and on such other occasions as it sees fit. The time and place of such meetings shall normally be agreed by the Panel or the Chair. Where there is a statutory requirement for the Panel to meet the Proper Officer or the Monitoring Officer may convene the meeting. The Panel must meet to consider the following

- (a) **Senior Appointments to Commissioners staff** within 3 weeks of being notified of the proposed appointment of a chief executive, chief finance officer or deputy police and crime commissioner the Panel must hold a public confirmation hearing.
- (b) **Appointment of Chief Constables** within 3 weeks of being notified of the proposal to appoint by the Commissioner the Panel must hold a public confirmation hearing
- (c) **Removal of Chief Constables** within 6 weeks of the notification by the Commissioner the Panel must give a view on whether the Commissioner should call for retirement or resignation during which they must hold a 'scrutiny hearing' at which the Commissioner and Chief Constable can make representations.
- (d) Review of the proposed precept as soon as practicable following receipt of the proposals by the Proper Officer and within the time frame set by any regulations [still to come]
- (e) **Review of the draft police and crime plan-** as soon as practicable following receipt of the report by the Proper Officer
- (f) **Review of the annual report of the Commissioner –**as soon as practicable following receipt of the report by the Proper Officer

3. Notice of and Summons to Meetings

At least five clear days notice to the public of the time and place of any meeting by posting details at Shire Hall Warwick which is the designated office. Notice of meetings will also be published on the Warwickshire web http://www.warwickshire.gov.uk/

At least 5 clear days before a meeting, a summons signed by the Proper Officer must be sent by email to every member and co-opted member of the Panel or left at their usual place of residence or such other alternative address as notified to Proper Officer in writing. The summons will give the date, time and place of each meeting and specify the business to be transacted, and will be accompanied by such reports as are available.

Lack of proper service of a summons upon any member or co-opted member will not invalidate the meeting.

4. Public Access to Agenda and Reports

Copies of the agenda and accompanying reports will be made available for inspection by the public at the designated office and on the Warwickshire Web <u>http://www.warwickshire.gov.uk/</u> at least 5 clear days before the meeting

Where a report is not included with the agenda the Monitoring Officer shall make each such report available to the public for inspection as soon as the report is completed and sent to the Panel members.

Confirmation hearings must be held in public session

Scrutiny hearings must be held in private session

Nothing in this rule requires the disclosure of any report containing confidential or exempt information. [We may have further guidance regarding this]

5. Quorum:

The quorum at meetings shall be one *fifth/quarter?* of the membership of the Panel. Any legal requirements which from time to time specify a particular quorum will be observed.

If the Chair declares there is no quorum, the meeting will adjourn immediately. Remaining business will be considered at a time and date fixed by the Chair or, if none, at the next meeting of that body.

6. Minutes

Minutes will be taken of every meeting to which these Rules apply.

Minutes will contain all motions and amendments moved at the relevant meeting.

Every set of minutes must be taken to the next suitable meeting where the Chair will move that they be approved as an accurate record. Once approved the minutes shall be signed by the Chair

7. Record of Attendance

Each member present during the whole or any part of any meeting must sign his/her name in the relevant attendance book.

8. Speeches and Debates

Subject to any legal requirements it is intended that meetings have the greatest amount of flexibility to conduct business in the way that they consider most effective. The conduct of business, including speeches and debates at such meetings, will be at the discretion of the Chair acting reasonably. The Chair has discretion to limit debate but not to less than one hour. Any motion to curtail debate shall not be moved less than one hour into any debate.

9. Motions and Amendments

Any motion or amendment shall be proposed and seconded. When seconding a motion or amendment, a member or co-opted member may reserve their speech until later in the debate. The Chair may permit two or more amendments to be discussed (but not voted on) together if circumstances suggest that this course would facilitate the proper conduct of the Panel's business. A member or co-opted member proposing a motion or amendment, which has been seconded, has the right to reply at the end of the debate before the motion or amendment is put to the vote.

Amendments must be relevant to the motion and *must not negate* the motion. The ruling of the Chair on the admissibility of an amendment is not open to challenge.

Amendments will either be:

to leave out words; and/or

to insert or add words; and/or

to refer the matter to another body or person.

Amendments shall be voted on in the order in which they have been seconded.

If an amendment is carried the motion as amended shall take the place of the original motion and shall become the substantive motion upon which any further amendment may be moved.

Rights of Reply - Order

Rights of reply shall be exercised in the following order:

- (a) the mover of an amendment;
- (b) where there is more than one amendment the rights of reply shall exercised in the order the amendments were moved;
- (c) the mover of the original (substantive) motion.

A member or co-opted member exercising a right of reply shall confine his/herself strictly to answering previous observations and shall not introduce any new matter.

Point of Order

A member or co-opted member may raise a point of order at any time. A point of order may only relate to an alleged breach of these Rules or the law. The member or co-opted member must cite the rule or law and the way in which he/she considers it has been broken. The ruling of the Chair on the matter will be final.

Personal Explanation

A member or co-opted member may at any time make a personal explanation, on a matter relating to some material part of his/her earlier speech, which appears to have been misunderstood in the present debate. The ruling of the Chair on the admissibility of a personal explanation will be final.

10. Voting:

All members and co-opted members may vote. Voting shall be by show of hands

All issues will be decided by a majority of those present unless the law or these Rules specifically require otherwise.

A resolution to veto a precept proposed by the Commissioner or the appointment of a Chief Constable requires a 2/3rds majority of the membership of the Panel.

In the event of equality of votes the Chair, if otherwise eligible to vote, will have a casting vote. There will be no restriction on how the Chair chooses to exercise a casting vote.

If there are more than two people nominated for any position to be filled and there is no clear majority in favour of one person, the person with the least votes will be taken off the list and a new vote taken. The process will continue until there is a majority of votes for one person.

11. Election of Chair:

A Chair and Vice-Chair shall be elected at the first meeting of the Panel and thereafter annually in June each year. Every Chair and any Vice-Chair shall remain in office until he/she resigns, is suspended or ceases to be an elected member or until a successor is appointed. The Panel may elect a Chair or Vice-Chair whenever a vacancy in office arises.

Powers and Duties

It shall be the duty of any Chair to conduct the meeting efficiently and effectively and at all times to act reasonably. The Chair shall have full power to conduct the meeting in the way that he/she considers most expedient and to decide upon any points of procedure subject only to statutory requirements (if any) and these Rules. The decision of the Chair shall be final, however, where two or more members raise a point about procedure or the conduct of the meeting the Chair must seek and take account of the advice of the monitoring officer (or his/her nominee) before giving any decision.

Power to Adjourn

If at any meeting there is a general disturbance making orderly conduct of business not reasonably possible, the Chair may adjourn the meeting for as long as he/she thinks necessary.

Removal of a Member of the Public

Any member of the public who interrupts proceedings or acts improperly shall firstly be warned by the Chair that, if their conduct continues, the Chair will request that they leave or order them to be removed from the meeting.

Clearance of Part of the Meeting Room

If there is a general disturbance in any part of the meeting room open to the public, the Chair may call for that part to be cleared.

Member Not to be Heard Further

If at any meeting a member persistently disregards the ruling of the Chair by behaving improperly or offensively or deliberately obstructs business, the Chair may move that the member not be heard further. If seconded, the motion will be voted on without discussion.

Member to Leave the Meeting

If at any meeting the member continues to behave improperly after such a motion is carried, the Chair may move that either the member leaves the meeting or that the meeting is adjourned for a specified period. If seconded, the motion will be voted on without discussion.

Absent Chair

If at any meeting the relevant Chair or Vice-Chair is not present to preside, another member chosen by those present shall preside for that meeting. Any person presiding at the meeting has the same powers and duties as the Chair.

12. **Probity and Ethics**

Members will abide by any ethical rules or guidance set out in any of the following:

- (i) as stipulated by law (whether common law, statute, subsidiary legislation, statutory code or guidance);
- (ii) as set out in the Code of Conduct for Members

(iii) any other rules or guidance issued by the Monitoring Officer

13. Access to Information and Confidentiality

Any confidential or exempt information and documentation shall be kept confidential by all members.

Any disputes relating to the rights of access of any person under these Rules or any statutory provision or common law rights shall be referred to the Monitoring Officer

14. Public Question Time

The Panel may include provision for a Public Question Time on an agenda of a meeting.

The Chair has the power to manage the public question and answer session and has the discretion to reject any question which:

- (i) has already been answered; or
- (ii) is not relevant to the business of the Panel or
- (iii) he/she considers unsuitable.

Where a number of members of a particular organisation wish to ask questions on related matters the Chair may limit the number of questioners as he/she considers appropriate.

Unless otherwise agreed by the Chair, the public question and answer session shall be limited to thirty minutes.

Questions

Questions should be notified in writing and received by Democratic Services at least 5 working days before the meeting.

- The questioner may ask a maximum of two questions.
- Each questioner shall have a maximum of three minutes to speak
- Each question must give the name and address of the questioner and the name and date of the meeting to which it is to be put.

Democratic Services will record each question received in a book open to public inspection and will immediately send or give a copy of the question to the Chair and any other person to whom the question is likely to be put.

Exceptionally the Chair, in consultation with the Monitoring Officer, may accept questions notified in writing at least fifteen minutes before the start of the meeting.

Procedure at the meeting

The Chair will take the questions in the order he/she considers most appropriate.

- The questioner will be invited to ask the question.
- The Chair or the relevant person present will reply.
- The questioner may ask one supplementary question.

Any supplementary question must arise directly out of the original question or the reply and must not be interpreted as allowing a debate of either the question or the reply.

Questions and answers given at the meeting will be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

Absence of Questioner

In the absence of the questioner the Chair has discretion over how to deal with the question and may put the question him/herself to the meeting.

Form of Answers

Answers may take the form of either a direct oral answer or reference to a publication. Where an oral answer cannot immediately be given, a written answer may be given to the questioner as soon as practicable following the meeting.

Any question which cannot be dealt with during public question time, either because of lack of time or absence of the appropriate person, will be dealt with by a written answer.

All written answers given following the meeting will be circulated to all members of the body and, unless the contents would involve disclosure of exempt or confidential information, shall normally be made public.

Referral of a Question to the Commissioner

The Chair has discretion to decide whether discussion will take place on any question, but any member of the Panel may move that the subject matter be referred to the Commissioner. Once seconded, such a motion will be voted on without discussion.

15. Access by the Public to Meetings

Members of the public may attend all meetings subject only to the exceptions in these Rules.

Confidential Information - Requirement to Exclude Public

The public must be excluded from meetings whenever it is likely in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings that confidential information would be disclosed.

Meaning of Confidential Information

Confidential information means information given to the Council by a government department on terms which forbid its public disclosure or information which cannot be publicly disclosed by or under any enactment or by Court Order.

Exempt Information - Discretion to Exclude Public

The public may be excluded from meetings whenever it is likely in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings that exempt information would be disclosed.

16. Exclusion of Access of the Public to Reports

If the Monitoring Officer thinks fit, he/she may exclude access by the public to reports which in his or her opinion relate to items during which, the meeting is likely not to be open to the public. Such reports will be marked "Not for publication" together with the category of information likely to be disclosed.

17. Access to Minutes etc after the Meeting

The Monitoring Officer will make available copies of the following for public for six years after the date of the meeting or the date of the decision:

- (a) the minutes of the meeting or records of decisions taken, together with reasons, excluding any part of the minutes or record when the meeting was not open to the public which disclose exempt or confidential information;
- (b) a summary of any proceedings not open to the public where the minutes or record of the decision open to inspection would not provide a reasonably fair and coherent record;
- (c) the agenda for the meeting or session; and
- (d) reports relating to items when the meeting or session was open to the public.

18. Background Papers

The person originating the report, or in the case of a joint report the first named person shall ensure that every report includes a list of those documents (called background papers) relating to the subject matter of the report which in his/her opinion:

- (a) disclose any facts or matters on which the report or an important part of the report is based; and
- (b) which have been relied on to a material extent in preparing the report;

except published works or those which would disclose exempt or confidential information.

19. Public Inspection of background papers

The Monitoring Officer will make available for public inspection for four years after the date of the meeting one copy of each of the documents on the list of background papers.

20. Supply of Copies

The Monitoring Officer will supply copies of:

- (a) any agenda and reports which are open to public inspection;
- (b) any further statements or particulars necessary to indicate the nature of the items on the agenda; and
- (c) if the Monitoring Officer thinks fit, copies of any other documents supplied to members in connection with an item;

to any person on payment of a charge for postage and any other costs.